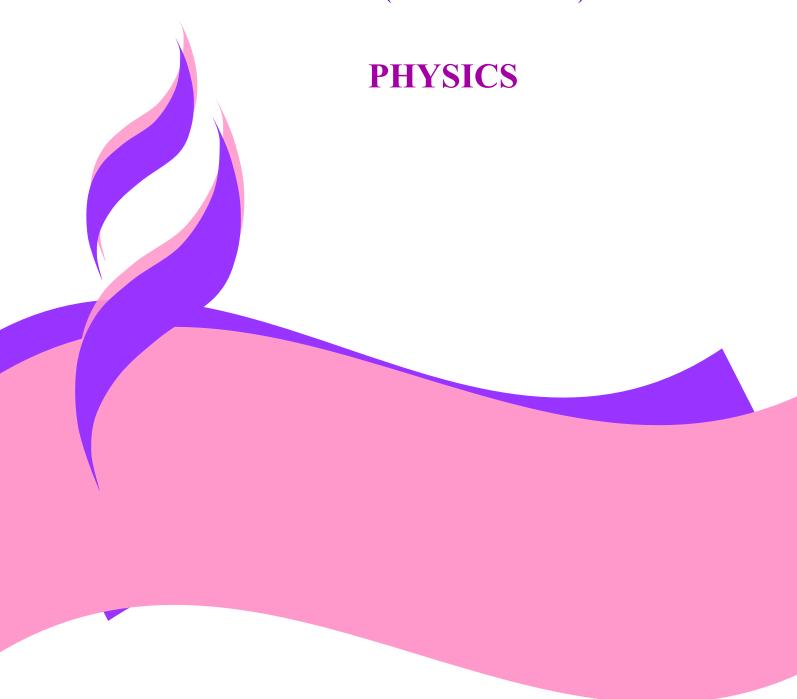


CURRICULUM FOR BS-PHYSICS SESSION (2016-2020 & 2017-2021)



DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

LAYOUT FOR BS (4 YEAR) PHYSICS AS APPROVED BY HEC

Compulsory Requirements	}	General Educatio Requiremen	n	Foundation Courses Major subje		Core	courses in the major subje Including Research Project/Internship requirements	ect	Elective Courses v the Major Subj	
9 courses		7-8 cou	rses	11-13 course	es		11-13 courses		4 courses	
25 Credit hours	,	21-2 Credit h	-	36-42 Credit ho	ours		36-42 Credit hours		12 Credit Hou	urs
Subject	Cr. hr	Subject	Cr. hr	Subject	Cr. hr		Subject	Cr. hr	Subject	Cr. hr
1. ENGLISH-I	3	1. GOF-I	3	1. Mechanics	4	1.	Quantum Mechanics – I	3	i. Elective-l	3
2. ENGLISH-II	3	2. GRF-I	3	2. Waves and	3	2.	Quantum Mechanics – II	3	ii. Elective-II	3
3. ENGLISH-III	3	3. Math-III	3	Oscillations	3	3.	Classical Mechanics	3	iii. Elective-III	3
4. ENGLISH-IV ¹	3	4. GOF-II	3	3. Heat &	4	4.	Electronics I	3	iv. Elective-IV	3
5. PAKISTAN	2	5. GOF-III	3	Thermodynamic	3	5.	Electronics II	3		
STUDIES	2	6. GRF-II	3	4. Electricity &	3	6.	Mathematical Methods for	3		
6. ISLAMIC		7. Math-IV	3	Magnetism			Physicists-I			
STUDIES/	3			Modern Physics	1	7.	Mathematical Methods for	3		
ETHICS	3			6. Optics	1		Physicists-II			
7. MATH-I	3				1	8.	Electrodynamics-I	3		
8. MATH-II				7. Lab-I	1	9.	Electrodynamics-II			
9. INTRODUCTION				8. Lab-II		10.	Statistical Physics	3		
TO COMPUTING				9. Lab-III		11.	Nuclear Physics	3		
				10. Lab-IV		12.	Solid State Physics-I	3		
						13.	Solid State Physics-II	3		
						14.	Atomic & Molecular Physic	3		
						15.	Research Project	3		
						16.	Lab-V	3		
						17.	Lab-VI	2		
						18.	Lab-VII	2		
								2		
	25		21		24			51		12

Total Credit Hours: 133

GOF = General Subjects from Faculties other than Sciences

GRF = General Subjects from Science Faculty

Notes:

- Total of two GOF and three GRF courses must be taken
- The order of Linear Algebra and Differential Equation can be swapped
- The university can reshuffle the courses within semesters to suit their particular needs

¹ University has the option to recommend any other course in lieu of English-IV

² The project/thesis is spread over last two semesters. This may be substituted by two 3 credit hour courses at the 400 level.

RECOMMENDED REVISED SCHEME FOR BS (4 YEAR) PROGRAMME IN PHYSICS

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501	11103101-1		
Course Code	Title	Cr Hrs	Remarks
PH-311	English-I	3	Comp-1
PH-312	Calculus-I	3	Math-I(Comp-
			7)
PH-313	Introduction to	3	Comp-9
	Computers		
PH-314	Mechanics	4	Found-1
PH-315	Sociology	3	GOF-I(Gen-1)
PH-316	Lab-I	1	Found-7
Total		17	

i. Semester-I	H
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Course	Title	Cr.	Remarks
Code	Title	Hrs.	IXCIIIai KS
PH-431	English-III	3	Comp-3
DII 422	Limaan Alaahna	3	Math-III(Gen-
PH-432	Linear Algebra	3	3)
PH-433	Waves &	3	Found-2
	Oscillations		
PH-434	Modern Physics	3	Found-5
PH-435	Computer	3	GOF-III(Gen-
	Graphics-I		5)
	_		
PH-436	Lab-III	1	Found-9
Total		16	

Semester-II

Course Code	Title	Cr. Hrs	Remarks
PH-321	English-II	3	Comp-2
PH-322	Calculus-II	3	Math-II(Comp-8
PH-323	Electricity &	4	Found-4
	Magnetism		
PH-324	Heat &	3	Found-3
	Thermodynamics		
PH-325	Educational	3	GOF-II(Gen-4)
	Psychology/		
	Civilization/ logic		
PH-326	Lab-II	1	Found-8
Total		17	·

Semester-IV

Course code	Title		Cr. Hrs	Remarks
PH-441	Islamic Studies		2	Comp-6
PH-442	Statistics		3	Comp-4
PH-443	Differential Equati	ons	3	Math-IV(Gen-
				7)
PH-444	Programming		3	GRF-I(Gen-2
	Fundamentals			
PH-445	Optics		3	Found-6
PH-446	Introduction to sof	tware	3	GRF-II
				(Gen-6)
PH-447	Lab-IV		1	Found-10
Total		18		

Semester-V

Course Code	Title	Cr. Hrs	Remarks
PH-551	Mathematical	3	Maj-6
	Methods of		
	Physics-I		
PH-552	Electrodynamics-I	3	Maj-8
PH-553	Classical Mechanic	3	Maj-3
PH-554	Electronics-I	3	Maj-4
PH-555	Pakistan Studies	2	Comp-5
PH-556	Lab-V	2	Maj-16
Total		16	

Semester-VI

Course Code	Title	Cr. Hrs.	Remarks
PH-561	Mathematical Method	3	Maj-7
	of Physics-II		
PH-562	Quantum Mechanics	3	Maj-1
	I		
PH-563	Electrodynamics-II	3	Maj-9
PH-564	Electronics-II	3	Maj-5
PH-565	Statistical Physics	3	Maj-10
PH-566	Lab-VI	2	Maj-17
Total		17	

Semester-VII

Course Code	Title		Cr. Hrs.	Remarks
PH-671	Quantum		3	Maj-2
	Mechanics-II			
PH-672	Atomic &		3	Maj-14
	Molecular Phys	sics		-
PH-673	Solid State		3	Maj-12
	Physics-I			-
	Elective-I		3	
	Research project		3	Elective
	/Elective			
PH-674	Lab-VII		2	Maj-18
Total		17		

Semester-VIII

Schiester-viii							
Course Code	Title	Cr. Hrs.	Remarks				
PH-681	Nuclear Physics	3	Maj-11				
PH-682	Solid State Physics -II	3	Maj -10				
	Elective-II	3					
	Elective -III	3					
	Research Project/	3					
	Elective						
Total		15					

Total Credit Hours: 133

List of Elective Subjects

S.No	Course Codes	Electives	Credit Hours
1.	PH-675	Introduction to Plasma Physics	3
2.	PH-676	Introduction to Material Science	3
3.	PH-677	Environmental Physics	3
4.	PH-678	Renewable energy Resources	3
5.	PH-679	Computer Simulations in Physics	3
6.	PH-683	Computational Physics	3
7.	PH-684	Methods of Experimental Physics	3
8.	PH-685	Introduction to Lasers Physics	3
9.	PH-686	Electronic Materials & Devices	3
10.	PH-687	Functional Material	3
11.	PH-688	Introduction to Nanoscience &	3
		Nanotechnology	

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-I

Course Code	PH-311
Course Title	English-I (Functional English)
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Comp-1
Recommended Books	1. Kaye, E.A. (2002). Maximize your presentation Skills: How to
	Speak, Look and Act on your Way to the Top.Prima
	Lifestyle.
	2. Hargie, O. (2002). Effective Presentation Skills: Practical
	Guide Better Speaking.
	3. Powell, M. (1996). Presenting in English. Language Teaching
	Publications.
	Functional English 1. Grammar a) Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 1. Third edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0194313492 b) Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 2. Third edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0194313506 2. Writing a) Writing. Intermediate by Marie-Christine Boutin, Suzanne Brinand and Francoise Grellet. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1993. ISBN 0 19 435405 7 Pages 20-27 and 35-41. 3. Reading/Comprehension b) Reading. Upper Intermediate. Brain Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1992. ISBN 0 19 453402 2. 4. Speaking

Basics of Grammar ,Parts of speech and use of articles ,Sentence structure, active and passive voice ,Practice in unified sentence ,Analysis of phrase, clause and sentence structure, Transitive and intransitive verbs ,Punctuation and spelling ,Comprehension ,Answers to questions on a given text ,Discussion ,General topics and every-day

conversation (topics for discussion to be at the discretion of the teacher keeping in view the level of students) ,Listening ,To be improved by showing documentaries/films carefully selected by subject teachers,Translation skills ,Urdu to English ,Paragraph writing, Topics to be chosen at the discretion of the teacher ,Presentation skills ,Introduction

Note: Extensive reading is required for vocabulary building

Course Code	PH-312
Course Title	Calculus-I
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Math-I (Comp-7)
Recommended Books	 G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney, "Calculus and Analytic Geometry", National Book Foundation, 9th ed. G. Strang, "Calculus", Wellesley-Cambridge, 2nd ed., 2010. E. W. Swokowski, M. Olinick, D. Pence, and J. A. Cole, "Calculus"; Pws Pub Co; 6th ed. 1994.

Course Description

Functions and graphs (shifting and stretching), limits and continuity, differentiation (rates of change, slope of the tangent to a curve, rules for differentiation, chain rule, implicit differentiation, extrema of functions, mean value theorem, simple problems in optimization, use of derivatives in sketching, asymptotic behavior of functions, L'H'opital's rule), integration (indefinite integrals, introduction to the idea of differential equations and their solution – the initial value problem, techniques of integration, Riemann sums and definite integrals, physical interpretation as areas, mean value theorem, areas between curves, finding volumes by slicing, volumes of solids of revolution, are lengths, areas of surfaces of revolution, centres of mass and higher moments, work), differentiation and integration of transcendental functions (exponential

and logarithmic functions and applications to growth and decay problems, trigonometric and inverse trigonometric functions, hyperbolic functions), infinite series (limits of sequences of numbers, series, tests of convergence, power series, Taylor and Maclaurin series).

Course Code	PH-313
Course Title	Introduction to Computer
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Comp-9
Recommended Books	 Norton, P.(6th ed.). Introduction to Computers .McGraw Hill . Williams, S.(6th ed.). Using Information Technology: A Practical Introduction to Computer & Communications .McGraw Hill. Sarah ,E., Hutchinson., Stacey, C., Sawyer.(6th ed.).Computers, Communications & information: A user's introduction. Leon,A., Leon.M. Fundamentals of Information Technology. Leon press.

Course Description

Number Systems, Binary Numbers, Boolean Logic, History computer system, Basic machine organization, Von Neumann Architecture, Algorithm definition, design, and implementation, Programming paradigms and languages, Graphical programming, Overview of software Engineering and Information Technology, Operating System, Compiler, Computer networks and Internet, Computer Graphics, AI, Social and legal issues.

Course Code	PH-314
Course Title	Mechanics
Credit Hours	4
Prerequisite	None

/Co requisite	
Remarks	Found-1
Recommended Books	1. D. Halliday, R. Resnick and J. Walker, "Fundamentals of
	Physics", John Wiley & Sons, 9th ed. 2010.
	2. R. A. Serway and J. W. Jewett, "Physics for Scientists
	and Engineers", Golden Sunburst Series, 8th ed. 2010
	3. R. A. Freedman, H. D. Young, and A. L. Ford (Sears and
	Zeemansky), "University Physics with Modern Physics",
	Addison-Wesley-Longman, 13th International ed. 2010.
	4. F. J Keller, W. E. Gettys and M. J. Skove, "Physics:
	Classical and Modern, McGraw Hill. 2nd ed. 1992
	5. D. C. Giancoli, "Physics for Scientists and Engineers,
	with Modern Physics", Addison-Wesley, 4th ed. 2008.

Basic Concepts: Units and Dimensions, SI Units, Changing Units, Scalars and Vector Adding Vectors: Graphical as well as Component Method, Multiplying Vectors: Dot at Cross Products.

Motion in One, Two and Three Dimensions: Position & Displacement, Velocity ar Acceleration, Motion under Constant Acceleration, Projectile Motion, Uniform Circul Motion, Relative Velocity and Acceleration in One and Two Dimensions, Inertial and No Inertial Reference Frames.

Newton's Laws: Newton's Laws of Motion and their Applications involving some particular forces including Weight, Normal Force, Tension, Friction, and Centripetal Force, Newton's Law of Gravitation, Gravitational Potential Energy, Escape Velocity, Kepler's Laws, Satellite Orbits & Energy.

Work and Kinetic Energy: Work done by Constant and Variable Forces: Gravitational and Spring Forces, Power, Conservative and Non conservative Forces, Work and Potential Energy, Isolated Systems and Conservation of Mechanical Energy, Work Done by External Forces including Friction and Conservation of Energy.

System of Particles: Motion of a System of Particles and Extended Rigid Bodies, Center

Mass and Newton's Laws for a System of Particles, Linear Momentum, Impulse, Momentu & Kinetic Energy in One and Two Dimensional Elastic and Inelastic Collisions.

Rotational Motion: Rotation about a Fixed Axis, Angular Position, Angular Displacement. Angular Velocity and Angular Acceleration, Rotation under Constant Angular Acceleration relationship between Linear and Angular Variables, Rotational Inertia, Parallel-ax Theorem, Torque and Newton's Law for Rotation, Work and Rotational Kinetic Energ Power, Rolling Motion, Angular Momentum for a single Particle and a System of Particle Conservation of Angular Momentum, Precession of a Gyroscope, Static Equilibriu involving Forces

and Torques, Determination of moment of inertia of various shapes i.e. for disc, bar and solid sphere.

Angular Momentum: Angular Velocity, Conservation of angular momentum, effects of Torque and its relation with angular momentum.

Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM): Amplitude, Phase, Angular Frequency, Velocity and Acceleration in SHM, Linear and Angular Simple Harmonic Oscillators, Energy in SHM, Simple Pendulum, Physical Pendulum, SHM and Uniform Circular Motion, Damped Harmonic Oscillator.

Special Theory of Relativity: Inertial and non-inertial frame, Postulates of Relativity, The Lorentz Transformation, Derivation, Assumptions on which inverse transformation is derived, Consequences of Lorentz transformation, Relativity of time, Relativity of length, Relativity of mass, Transformation of velocity, variation of mass with velocity, mass energy relation and its importance, relativistic momentum and Relativistic energy, (Lorentz invariants) $\mathbf{E}^2 = c^2 \mathbf{P}^2 + m_s^2 c^4$

Course Code	PH-315
Course Title	Sociology
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	GOF-I (Gen-1)
Recommended Books	

- 1. Anderson, Margaret and Howard F. Taylor. 2001. Sociology the Essentials. Australia: Wadsworth.
- 2. Brown, Ken 2004. Sociology. UK: Polity Press
- 3. Gidden, Anthony 2002. Introduction to Sociology. UK: Polity Press.
- 4. Macionis, John J. 2006. 10th Edition Sociology New Jersey: Prentice-Hall
- 5. Tischler, Henry L. 2002. Introduction to Sociology 7th ed. New York: The Harcourt Press.
- 6. Frank N Magill. 2003. International Encyclopedia of Sociology. U.S.A: Fitzroy Dearborn Publishers
- 7. Macionis, John J. 2005. Sociology 10th ed. South Asia: Pearson Education
- 8. Kerbo, Harold R. 1989. Sociology: Social Structure and Social Conflict. New York: Macmillan Publishing Company.

Introduction, Basic Concepts, Social Groups, Culture, Socialization & Personality, Deviance and Social Control, Collective Behavior.

Course Code	PH-316
Course Title	LAB-I (Mechanics & Fluids)
Credit Hours	1
Prerequisite	Mechanics / None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Found-7

Course Description

Mechanics and Fluids:

List of Experiments:

- 1. Modulus of Rigidity by Static & Dynamic method (Maxwell"s needle, Barton"s Apparatus).
- 2. To study the damping features of an oscillating system using simple pendulum of variable mass.
- 3. Measurement of viscosity of liquid by Stoke"s / Poiseulli"s method.
- 4. Surface tension of water by capillary tube method.
- 5. To determine the value of "g" by compound pendulum / Kater"s Pendulum.
- 6. To study the dependence of Centripetal force on mass, radius, and angular velocity of a body in circular motion.
- 7. Investigation of phase change with position in traveling wave and measurement of the velocity of sound by C.R.O.

- 8. Determination of moment of inertia of a solid/hollow cylinder and a sphere etc.
 9. To study the conservation of energy (Hook"s law).

 Note: At least five experiments to be performed.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-II

Course Code	PH-321
Course Title	English-II(Communication Skills)
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Comp-2
Recommended Books	 Kaye,E.A.(2002).Maximize your presentation Skills: How to Speak, Look and Act on your Way to the Top.Prima Lifestyle. Hargie,O.(2002).Effective Presentation Skills: Practical Guide Better Speaking. Powell,M.(1996).Presenting in English.Language Teaching Publications. Communication Skills Grammar Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 2. Third edition. Oxford University Press 1986. ISBN 0 19 431350 6. Writing Writing. Intermediate by Marie-Chrisitine Boutin, Suzanne Brinand and Francoise Grellet. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1993. ISBN 019 435405 7 Pages 45-53 (note taking). Writing. Upper-Intermediate by Rob Nolasco. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1992. ISBN 0 19 435406 5 (particularly good for writing memos, introduction to presentations, descriptive and argumentative writing). Reading. Advanced. Brian Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1991. ISBN 0 19 453403 0. Reading and Study Skills by John.

Paragraph writing: , Essay writing , CV and job application, Translation skills- Urdu to English ,Study skills, Academic skills, Presentation skills ,Personality development (emphasis on content, style and pronunciation)

Note: documentaries to be shown for discussion and review.

Course Code	PH-322
Course Title	Calculus-II
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	Calculus-I /None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Math-II (Comp-8)
Recommended Books	1. G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney, "Calculus and Analytic
	Geometry", National Book Foundation, 9th ed.
	2. G. Strang, "Calculus", Wellesley-Cambridge, 2nd ed.,
	2010.
	3. E. W. Swokowski, M. Olinick, D. Pence, and J. A. Cole,
	"Calculus"; Pws Pub Co; 6th ed. 1994.

Course Description

Motivation and geometric background (conic sections, parametrized curves, pol coordinates, vectors and analytic geometry in space, examples of vector fields in space relevant to physics), partial derivatives (limits and continuity, partial derivatives, chain rul role of constraints, directional derivatives – gradient vectors and tangent planes, extrema are saddle points, Lagrange multipliers, Taylor's expansion of a multi-variable function multiple integrals (double and triple integrals, centres of mass and higher moments, are and volumes, integration in spherical and cylindrical coordinate systems), calculus of vector fields with emphasis on physical interpretation (line integrals and work, circulation and curconservative fields and gradients, surface and volume integrals, divergence of a vector field Green's theorem in a plane, Stoke's theorem, divergence theorem).

Course Code	PH-323
Course Title	Electricity & Magnetism
Credit Hours	4
Prerequisite	Mechanics, Calculus-I / Calculus-II
/Co requisite	
Remarks	Foundation-3
Recommended Books	1. D. Halliday, R. Resnick and J. Walker, "Fundamentals of
	Physics", John Wiley & Sons, 9th ed. 2010.
	2. R. A. Serway and J. W. Jewett, "Physics for Scientists
	and Engineers", Golden Sunburst Series, 8th ed. 2010.
	3. R. A. Freedman, H. D. Young, and A. L. Ford (Sears and
	Zeemansky), "University Physics with Modern Physics",
	Addison-Wesley-Longman, 13th International ed. 2010.
	4. F. J Keller, W. E. Gettys and M. J. Skove, "Physics:
	Classical and Modern, McGraw Hill. 2nd ed. 1992.
	5. D. C. Giancoli, "Physics for Scientists and Engineers,
	with Modern Physics", Addison-Wesley, 4th ed. 2008

Electrostatics: Electric Charge, Conductors and Insulators, Coulomb's Law, Electric Fields due to a Point Charge and an Electric Dipole, Electric Field due to a Charge Distribution, Electric Dipole in an Electric Field, Electric Flux, Gauss' Law and its Applications in Planar, Spherical and Cylindrical Symmetry.

Electric Potential: Equipotential Surfaces, Potential due to a Point Charge and a Group Point Charges, Potential due to an Electric Dipole, Potential due to a Charge Distribution, Relation between Electric Field and, Electric Potential Energy.

Capacitors and Capacitance: Parallel Plate, Cylindrical and Spherical capacitors, Capacitors in Series and Parallel, Energy Stored in an Electric Field, Dielectrics and Gauss' Law (1 week).

DC Circuits: Electric Current and Current Density, Resistance and Resistivity, Ohm's Law, Power in Electric Circuits, Semiconductors and Superconductors, Work, Energy,

and EMF, Resistances in Series and Parallel, Single and Multi-loop Circuits, Kirchhoff Rules, RC Circuits, Charging and Discharging of a Capacitor.

Magnetic Field and Magnetic Force: Crossed Electric and Magnetic Fields and their Applications, Hall Effect, Magnetic Force on a Current Carrying Wire, Torque on a Current Loop, Magnetic Dipole Moment, Magnetic Field Due to a Current, Force between two Parallel Currents, Ampere's Law, Biot- Savart Law: Magnetic Field due to a Current, Long Straight Wire carrying Current, Solenoids and Toroids, A current-carrying Coil as a Magnetic Dipole, Inductance, Faraday's Law of Induction, Lenz's Law, Induction and Energy Transfers, Induced Electric Fields, Inductors and Inductances, Self Inductance, RL Circuits, Energy Stored in a Magnetic Field, Energy Density, Mutual Induction.

Alternating Fields and Currents: LC Oscillations, Damped Oscillations in an RLC circuit, Alternating Currents, Forced Oscillations, Resistive, Capacitive, and Inductive Loads, RLC series Circuit, Power in AC Circuits, Transformers, Gauss' Law for Magnetism, Induced Magnetic Fields, Displacement Current, Spin & Orbital Magnetic Dipole Moment, Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Ferromagnetism, Hysteresis.

Course Code	PH-324
Course Title	Heat & Thermodynamics
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Mechanics / Calculus-II
Co requisite	
Remarks	Found-4
Recommended Books	1. D. Halliday, R. Resnick and K. Krane, "Physics", John
	Wiley, 6 th ed. 2002.
	2. D. Halliday, R. Resnick and J. Walker, "Fundamentals of
	Physics", John Wiley, 9th ed. 2010
	3. M. W. Zemansky, "Heat and Thermodynamics", Mc
	Graw Hill, 7th ed. 1997.
	4. M. Sprackling, "Thermal Physics" McMillan 1991.
	5. B. N. Roy, "Principle of Modern Thermodynamics",

Institute of Physics, London 1995.

Course Description

Basic Concepts and Definitions in Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic system, Surrounding and Boundaries. Type of systems. Macroscopic and microscopic description of system.

Properties and state of the substance: Extensive and Intensive properties, Equilibrium Mechanical and Thermal Equilibrium. Processes and Cycles: Isothermal, Isobaric and Isochoric. Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics, Consequence of Zeroth law of Thermodynamics. The state of the system at Equilibrium.

Heat and Temperature: Temperature, Kinetic theory of ideal gas, Work done on an ideal gas, Review of previous concepts. Internal energy of an ideal gas: Equipartition of Energy, Intermolecular forces, Qualitative discussion, The Virial expansion, The Van der Waals equation of state.

Thermodynamics: First law of thermodynamics and its applications to adiabatic, isothermal, cyclic and free expansion. Reversible and irreversible processes. Second law of thermodynamics, Carnot theorem and Carnot engine. Heat engine, Refrigerators. Calculation of efficiency of heat engines.

Thermodynamic temperature scale: Absolute zero, Entropy, Entropy in reversible process, Entropy in irreversible process. Entropy and Second law of thermodynamic Entropy and Probability. Thermodynamic Functions: Thermodynamic functions (Internal energy, Enthalpy, Gibb's functions, Entropy, Helmholtz functions), Maxwell's relations, TdS equations, Energy equations and their applications.

Low Temperature Physics, Joule-Thomson effect and its equations.

Thermoelectricity: Thermocouple, Seabeck's effect, Peltier's effect, Thomson effect.

Introduction to Statistical Mechanics: Statistical distribution and mean values, Mean

free path and microscopic calculations of mean free path. Distribution of Molecular Speeds, Distribution of Energies, Maxwell distribution, Maxwell Boltzmann energy distribution, Internal energy of an ideal gas, Brownian Motion Legvaian equation, Qualitative description

Course Code	PH-325
Course Title	Educational Psychology
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	GOF-II (Gen-4)
Recommended Books	6. Coon, D., &Mitterer, J. O. (2007). Introduction to
	Psychology: Gateways to Mind and
	7. Behavior.Melbourne: Wadsworth.
	8. Dash, N., & Dash, B. N. (2004). A Textbook of
	Educational Psychology (4th ed.). New
	9. Delhi: Shipra Publications.
	10. Mangal, S. K. (2007). Advanced Educational Psychology
	(2nd ed.). New Delhi: Prentice
	11. Hall of India.
	12. Plotnik, R. (2005). Introduction to Psychology (7th ed.).
	Melbourne: Wadsworth.
	13. Santrock, J. W. (2004). Life Span Development (9th ed.).
	Boston: McGraw-Hill.
	14. Woolfolk, A. E. (2010). Educational Psychology (11th
	ed.). Boston: Allyn& Bacon.

UNIT 1: Understanding Educational Psychology

Weeks Content

1-4

Definitions, meaning, objectives, and scope of educational psychology Educational psychology methods and techniques Recent developments in educational psychology

UNIT 2: Intelligence and Individual Differences

Weeks Content

5–7

Defining intelligence

The meaning of intelligence

Intelligence as a process

Approaches to intelligence

Multiple intelligences

Diversity, individual differences, and working memory

UNIT 3: Learning

Weeks Content

8 - 11

- 1) Historical perspectives on learning
- 2) Six schools of educational psychology
 - Psychoanalytic
 - Behavioral
 - Cognitive (and information processing)
 - Humanistic
 - Social constructivist
 - Cognitive constructivist
- 3) Application of theory to education

UNIT 4: Motivation

Weeks Content

12 - 13

- 1) Motivation
- 2) Types of motivation
 - Maslow's theory of motivation
 - Weiner's attribution theory
- 3) Implication for educators
- 4) Other strategies of how to help motivate learners

UNIT 5: Learning Difficulties and Disabilities

Weeks Content

14–16

- Learning difficulties and disabilities
- Signs and symptoms of learning disabilities and disorders
- Helping children with learning difficulties

Course Code	PH-326	
Course Title	LAB-II (Electricity & Magnetism)	
Credit Hours	1	
Prerequisite	Electricity & Magnetism /None	
/Co requisite		
Remarks	Found-8	
Course Description		

Course Description

Electricity and Magnetism:

List of Experiments:

- 1. Measurement of resistance using a Neon flash bulb and condenser.
- 2. Conversion of a galvanometer into Voltmeter & an Ammeter.
- 3. To study the characteristics of Photo emission and determination of Plank"s constant using a Photo cell.
- 4. Calibration of an Ammeter and a Voltmeter by potentiometer.
- 5. Charge sensitivity of a ballistic galvanometer.
- 6. Comparison of capacities by ballistic galvanometer.
- 7. To study the B.H. curve & measure the magnetic parameters.
- 8. Measurement of low resistance coil by a Carey Foster Bridge.
- 9. Resonance frequency of an acceptor circuit.
- 10. Resonance frequency of a Rejecter Circuit.
- 11. Study of the parameter of wave i.e. amplitude, phase and time period of a complex signal by CRO.
- 12. Measurement of self/mutual inductance.
- 13. Study of electric circuits by black box.
- 14. To study the network theorems (Superposition, Theveinin, Norton).
- 15. To study the application of Lorentz force by CRO.

Note: At least eight experiments to be performed.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-III

Course Code	PH-431			
Course Title	English-III (Technical Writing & Presentation Skills)			
Credit Hours	3			
Prerequisite	None			
/Co requisite				
Remarks	Comp-3			
Recommended Books	Technical Writing and Presentation Skills			
	a) Essay Writing and Academic Writing			
	1. Writing. Advanced by Ron White. Oxford			
	Supplementary Skills. Third Impression			
	1992. ISBN 0 19 435407 3 (particularly			
	suitable for discursive, descriptive,			
	argumentative and report writing).			
	2. College Writing Skills by John Langan.			
	Mc=Graw-Hill Higher Education. 2004.			
	3. Patterns of College Writing (4 th edition) by			
	Laurie G. Kirszner and Stephen R.			
	Mandell. St. Martin's Press.			
	b) Presentation Skills			
	c) Reading			
	1. The Mercury Reader. A Custom Publication. Compiled by			
	norther Illinois University. General Editiors: Janice			
	Neulib; Kathleen Shine Cain; Stephen Ruffus and Maurice			
	Scharton. (A reader which will give students exposure to			
	the best of twentieth century literature, without taxing the			
	taste of engineering students).			
Course Description				

Essay writing ,Academic writing Technical Report writing ,Progress report writing Note: Extensive reading is required for vocabulary building

Course Code	PH-432		
Course Title	Linear Algebra		
Credit Hours	3		
Prerequisite	Calculus-II /None		
/Co requisite			
Remarks	Math-III (Gen-3)		
Recommended Books	1. K. F. Riley, M. P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, "Mathematical		
	Methods for Physicists", Cambridge University Press		
	2006		
	2. Peter V. O'Neil, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics",		
	7th ed. CL Engineering, 2011.		

Course Description

Review of vectors in 3 dimensions[(arrows) with a view of abstraction into properties of vector spaces in N dimensions (closure, associativity and commutativity of addition, existence of identity and inverse, distributivity of scalar multiplication), idea of vector norm in 3 dimensions, orthogonality, expansion in a basis, multiplication of vectors in 3 dimensions, applications of vector algebra to geometry and physics], vector spaces in N dimensions (definition, basis, inner product), linear operators, matrices (matrix algebra, functions of matrices, transpose, complex and Hermitian conjugates, trace, determinant, inverse, rank, special types of matrices diagonal, triangular, symmetric and antisymmetric, orthogonal, Hermitian and anti-Hermitian, unitary, normal, eigenvalue problem, similarity transformations and change of basis, diagonalisation, simultaneous linear equations), normal modes (oscillatory systems, elementary use of symmetries to guess normal modes, Rayleigh-Ritz method), Fourier series as an application of the ideas of linear algebra to the space of periodic functions (identification of sinusoidal functions of a certain period as a linear vector space, identification of sinusoidal functions as basis vectors in this infinite dimensional vector space, properties of Fourier

series, Parseval's theorem, handling of non-Periodic functions via extending the domain of definition of function), sets of functions, problem in the context of differential operators, adjoint an Hermitian operators, properties of Hermitian operators (reality of eigenvalues orthogonality of eigenfunctions, completeness of eigenfunctions eigenbasis), Sturm-Lioville equations (Hermitian nature of Sturm-Lioville operator, transforming an equation into Sturm-Lioville form, Fourier-Legendre and Fourier-Bessel series).

Course Code	PH-433	
Course Title	Waves & Oscillations	
Credit Hours	3	
Prerequisite	Mechanics, Calculus-II /None	
/Co requisite		
Remarks	Found-2	
Recommended Books	 J. Pain, "The Physics of Vibrations and Waves", John Wiley, 6th ed. 2005. P. French, "Vibrations and Waves", CBS Publishers (2003). F. S. Crawford, Jr., "Waves and Oscillations", Berkeley Physics Course, Vol. 3, McGraw-Hill, 1968. A. Hirose, and K. E. Lonngren, "Introduction to Wave Phenomena", Krieger Publications, 2003. 	

Course Description

Simple and Damped Simple Harmonic Oscillation: Mass-Spring System,

Simple Harmonic Oscillator Equation, Complex Number Notation, LC Circuit, Simple Pendulum, Quality Factor, LCR Circuit.

Forced Damped Harmonic Oscillation: Steady-State Behavior, Driven LCR

Circuit, Transient Oscillator Response, Resonance.

Coupled Oscillations: Two Spring-Coupled Masses, Two Coupled LC Circuits,

Three Spring Coupled Masses, Normal Modes, Atomic and Lattice Vibrations.

Transverse Waves: Transverse Standing Waves, Normal Modes, General

Time Evolution of a Uniform String, Phase velocity, Group Velocity.

Longitudinal Waves: Spring Coupled Masses, Sound Waves in an Elastic Solid,

Sound Waves in an Ideal Gas.

Traveling Waves: Standing Waves in a Finite Continuous Medium, Traveling

Waves in an Infinite Continuous Medium, Energy Conservation, Transmission

Lines, Reflection and Transmission at Boundaries, Electromagnetic Waves.

Wave Pulses: Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms, Bandwidth, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle.

Multi-Dimensional Waves: Plane Waves, Three-Dimensional Wave Equation, Laws Geometric Optics, Waveguides, Cylindrical Waves.

Interference and Diffraction of Waves: Double-Slit Interference, Single-Slit Diffraction.

Course Code	PH-434		
Course Title	Modern Physics		
Credit Hours	3		
Prerequisite	Mechanics, Electricity & Magnetism / None		
/Co requisite			
Remarks	Found-5		
Recommended Books			
Course Description			

Motivation for Non--Classical Physics: Quantum interference, blackbody radiation and ultraviolet catastrophe, Planck's quantization.

Wace-Particle Duality: Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, production and properties of X-rays, diffraction of X-rays, concept of matter waves, de Broglie relationship, electrons are waves, electron diffraction, particulate nature of matter, contributions of Faraday (atoms exist), Thomson (electron exists), Rutherford (nucleus exists) and Bohr (quantization of energies inside an atom), wave packets and wave groups, dispersion, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, direct confirmation of quantization through Franck-Hertz experiment and spectroscopy, working of electron microscopes.

Quantum Mechanics in One Dimension: The concept of a wavefunction, time independent Schrodinger equation and interpretation of the equation, solving the Schrodinger equation for a free particle, for a particle inside an infinite box, relationship between confinement and quantization, working of a CCD camera.

Quantum Mechanical Tunneling: Concept of tunneling, reflection and transmission of wave functions from barriers, applications: radioactivity, scanning tunneling microscope, decay of black holes.

Quantum Mechanics in Three Dimensions: The Hydrogen atom, orbitals, angular momentum and its quantization, orbital magnetism, Zeeman effect, concept of spin, Pauli's exclusion principle, Building of the periodic table, magnetic resonance and MRI, why is iron magnetic? White dwarfs, and neutron stars.

From Atoms to Molecules and Solids: Ionic bonds, covalent bonds, hydrogen bonds, molecular orbitals, how crystals are different from amorphous solids? Why and how do metals conduct electricity? Bands in solids, semiconductors, introduction to LED's and lasers, introducing grapheme.

Nuclear Structure: Size and structure of nucleus, nuclear forces, radioactivity and nuclear reactions, radiocarbon dating.

Course Code	PH-435
Course Title	Computer Graphics-I
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None

/Co requisite		
Remarks	GOF-III (Gen-5)	
Recommended Books	1. Design Secrets: Advertising by Lisa Hickey (Rockport).	
	2. Advertising by Uwe Stoklossa, edited by Thomas Rampen	
	(Thames and Hudson).	
	3. Global Graphics: Color by L. K. Perterson (Rockport).	
	4. Design Basics by Joyce Rutter Kaye (Rockport).	
	5. The best of letterhead and logo design No. 1(Rockport).	
	6. What is Graphic Design? By Quentin Newark	
	(Rotovision).	
	7. Los Logos bu Ronald Muller.	
	8. World Graphic Design by Geoffrey Caban (Merrell).	
	9. Editorial design by Yolanda Zappaterra (Portfolio).	
	10. Design for Interaction by Lisa Baggerman (Rockport).	

Computer System, Parts of Computer System, Basic Operation of computer system.

Operating System, Types, Windows XP as an Operating System. Computer System, History, Types of Computers, Basic of Computer networks internet & Email, Office Automation, (MS, Word, MS, PowerPoint), Adobe photo shop, Corel Draw, digital painting software

Course Code	PH-436	
Course Title	LAB-III	
Credit Hours	1	
Prerequisite	Waves & Oscillations	
/Co requisite		
Remarks	Found-9	
Course Description		

1

List of Experiments:

- 1. To determine thermal Emf and plot temperature diagram.
- 2. Determination of temperature coefficient of resistance of a given wire.
- 3. Determination of "J" by Callender Barnis method.

- 4. The determination of Stefan"s constant.
- 5. Calibration of thermocouple by potentiometer.
- 6. To determine frequency of AC supply by CRO.
- 7. To determine Horizontal/Vertical distance by Sextant.
- 8. The determination of wavelength of Sodium –D lines by Newton's Ring.
- 9. The determination of wavelength of light/laser by Diffraction grating.
- 10. Determination of wavelength of sodium light by Fresnel"s bi-prism.
- 11. The determination of resolving power of a diffraction grating.
- 12. The measurement of specific rotation of sugar by Polarimeter and determination of sugar concentration in a given solution.
- 13. To study the combinations of harmonic motion (Lissajous figures).
- 14. To study the parameters of waves (Beats phenomenon).
- 15. To determine the Thermal conductivity of good and bad conductors using Lee"s and Searl"s apparatus.
- 16. To study the laws of vibration of stretched string using sonometer.
- 17. To determine the stopping potential by photo cell.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-IV

Course Code	PH-441		
Course Title	Islamic studies		
Credit Hours	2		
Prerequisite	None		
/Co requisite			
Remarks	Comp-	-6	
Recommended Books	1. Hameed ullah Muhammad, "Emergence of Islam", IRI,		
		Islamabad	
	2. Hameed ullah Muhammad, "Muslim Conduct of State"		
	3. Hameed ullah Muhammad, 'Introduction to Islam		
	4. Mulana Muhammad Yousaf Islahi,"		
	5. Hussain Hamid Hassan, "An Introduction to the Study of		
	Islamic Law" leaf Publication Islamabad, Pakistan.		
	6.	6. Ahmad Hasan, "Principles of Islamic Jurisprudence"	
		Islamic Research Institute, International Islamic	
		University, Islamabad (1993)	
	7. Mir Waliullah, "Muslim Jrisprudence and the Quranic Law of Crimes" Islamic Book Service (1982)		
	8.	8. H.S. Bhatia, "Studies in Islamic Law, Religion and	
		Society" Deep & Deep Publications New Delhi (1989)	
	9.	9. Dr. Muhammad Zia-ul-Haq, "Introduction to Al Sharia Al Islamia" Allama Iqbal Open University, Islamabad (2001)	

Introduction to Quranic Studies

- 1. Basic Concepts of Quran
- 2. History of Quran
- 3. Uloom-ul -Quran

Study of Selected Text of Holy Quran

- 1. Verses of Surah Al-Baqra Related to Faith(Verse No-284-286)
- 2. Verses of Surah Al-Hujrat Related to Adab Al-Nabi (Verse No-1-18)
- 3. Verses of Surah Al-Mumanoon Related to Characteristics of faithful (Verse No-1-11)

- 4. Verses of Surah al-Furqan Related to Social Ethics (Verse No.63-77)
- 5. Verses of Surah Al-Inam Related to Ihkam(Verse No-152-154)

Study of Selected Text of Holy Quran

- 1. Verses of Surah Al-Ihzab Related to Adab al-Nabi (Verse No.6,21,40,56,57,58.)
- 2. Verses of Surah Al-Hashar (18,19,20) Related to thinking, Day of Judgment
- 3. Verses of Surah Al-Saf Related to Tafakar, Tadabar (Verse No-1,14)

Seats of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) I

- 1. Life of Muhammad Bin Abdullah (Before Prophet Hood)
- 2. Life of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) in Makkah
- 3. Important Lessons Derived from the life of Holy Prophet in Makkah

Seerat of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) II

- 1. Life of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) in Madina
- 2. Important Events of Life Holy Prophet in Madina
- 3. Important Lessons Derived from the life of Holy Prophet in Madina

Introduction To Sunnah

- 1. Basic Concepts of Hadith
- 2. History of Hadith
- 3. Kinds of Hadith
- 4. Uloom –ul-Hadith
- 5. Sunnah & Hadith
- 6. Legal Position of Sunnah

Selected Study from Text of Hadith

Introduction To Islamic Law & Jurisprudence

- 1. Basic Concepts of Islamic Law & Jurisprudence
- 2. History & Importance of Islamic Law & Jurisprudence
- 3. Sources of Islamic Law & Jurisprudence
- 4. Nature of Differences in Islamic Law
- 5. Islam and Sectarianism

Islamic Culture & Civilization

- 1. Basic Concepts of Islamic Culture & Civilization
- 2. Historical Development of Islamic Culture & Civilization
- 3. Characteristics of Islamic Culture & Civilization
- 4. Islamic Culture & Civilization and Contemporary Issues

Islam & Science

- 1. Basic Concepts of Islam & Science
- 2. Contributions of Muslims in the Development of Science
- 3. Ouranic & Science

Islamic Economic System

- 1. Basic Concepts of Islamic Economic System
- 2. Means of Distribution of wealth in Islamic Economics
- 3. Islamic Concept of Riba

4. Islamic Ways of Trade & Commerce

Political System of Islam

- 1. Basic Concepts of Islamic Political System
- 2. Islamic Concept of Sovereignty
- 3. Basic Institutions of Govt. in Islam

Islamic History

- 1. Period of Khlaft-E-Rashida
- 2. Period of Ummayyads
- 3. Period of Abbasids

Social System of Islam

- 1. Basic Concepts Of Social System Of Islam
- 2. Elements Of Family

Ethical Values Of Islam

Course Code	PH-442	
Course Title	Statistics	
Credit Hours	3	
Prerequisite	None	
/Co requisite		
Remarks	Comp-4	
Recommended Books		
Course Description		

Course Code	PH-443		
Course Title	Differential Equations		
Credit Hours	3		
Prerequisite	Linear Algebra		
/Co requisite			
Remarks	Math-IV (Gen-7)		
Recommended Books	1. D. G. Zill and M. R. Cullen, "Differential Equations with		
	Boundary Value Problems", 3rd ed. National Book		
	Foundation.		

2.	E. Kreyszig, "Advanced	l Engineering	Mathematics", John
	Wiley, 8th ed. 1999.		

3. K. F. Riley, M. P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, "Mathematical Methods for Physicists", Cambridge University Press 2006.

Course Description

Introduction to ODEs (physical motivation), First order ODEs (separable variables, homogeneous equations, exact equations, linear equations, Bernoulli equation and other examples), applications of first order ODEs linear and non-linear, linear differential equations of higher order (initial value and boundary value problems, linear dependence and independence, solutions of linear equations, constructing a second solution from a known solution, homogeneous linear equations with constant coefficients, undetermined coefficients, variation of parameters), applications of second order ODEs (simple harmonic motion, damped and forced oscillators, electrical circuits and springs), differential equations with variable coefficients (Cauchy-Euler equation, power series solution of differential equations — solutions about ordinary and singular points-Legendre's and Bessel's equations as examples), Laplace transform (Laplace transform and its inverse and properties, use in solving differential equations, Dirac delta function).

Course Code	PH-444
Course Title	Programming Fundamentals
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite	None
/Co requisite	
Remarks	GRF-I (Gen-2)
Recommended Books	 Hanley & Kauffman. (Latest Edition). Problem Solving and Program Design in C. Addison-Wesley. Deital, H.M., & Dietal, P.J. (Latest Edition). C How to Program. Prentice Hall IT series. Object oriented Programming using C++.

- Overview of computers and programming.
 - Types of programming languages(Low level, assembly language and High level Languages)
 - Overview of language for e.g. C++ language.
 - Language processors(compiler, Interpreter, Assembler)
 - Basics of structured and Modular programming.
 - Basic Algorithms and problem solving,
- Development of basic algorithms, analyzing problem, designing solution, testing designed solution.
 - Fundamental programming constructs,
 - Translation of algorithms to programmes,
 - Data types
 - Variables and constants
- Operators (Arithmetic, assignment operator, increment and decrement, operator precedence.
 - Comments(Single line and multiple line)
- Control structures(If structure, if-else structure, multiple if else structure, nested if
 - structure, compound conditions witch structure)
 - Go to statement.
 - Looping structure(for loop, while loop, do-While), break, continue
 - Functions(Use defined and built in)
- Arrays(Sequential search, binary search, Selection sort, bubble sort, two dimensional
- arrays and multi dimensional arrays), Structures(Nested structures) ,Union, Enumerations, Pointers, Testing programmes.

Course Code	PH-445
Course Title	Optics
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite / Co requisite	Waves & Oscillations /None
Remarks	Found-6
Recommended Books	 F. Pedrotti, L. S. Pedrotti and L. M. Pedrotti, "Introduction to Optics", Pearson Prentice Hall, 3rd ed. 2007 E. Hecht and A. Ganesan, "Optics", Dorling Kindersley, 4th ed. 2008.

3.	M. V. Klein and T. E. Furtak, "Optics", John Wiley, 2nd
	ed. 1986
4.	K. K Sharam, "Optics: Principles and Applications",
	Academic Press,2006
5.	C. A. Bennett, "Principles of Physical Optics", John
	Wiley, 2008

Propagation of Light & Image Formation: Huygens' Principle, Fermat's Principle, Laws of Reflection and Refraction, Refraction at a Spherical Surface, Thin Lenses, Newtonian Equation for a Thin Lens.

Matrix Methods in Paraxial Optics: Ray Transfer Matrices, Thick Lens, Significance System Matrix Elements, Cardinal Points of an Optical System with examples, Optical Instruments including Simple Magnifiers, Telescopes and Microscopes, Chromatic and Monochromatic Aberrations, Spherical Aberrations, Coma, Distortio Stops, Pupils, Windows.

Superposition & Interference: Standing Waves, Beats, Phase and Group Velocities, Two-Beam and Multiple-Beam Interference, Thin Dielectric Films, Michelson and Fabry-Perot Interferometers, Resolving Power, Free-Spectral Range.

Polarization: Jones Matrices, Production of Polarized Light, Dichroism, Brewster's Law, Birefringence, Double Refraction. Fraunhofer Diffraction: from a Single Slit, Rectangular and Circular Apertures, Double Slit, Many Slits, Diffraction Gratin Dispersion, Resolving Power Blazed Gratings.

Fresnel Diffraction: Zone Plates, Rectangular Apertures, Cornu's Spiral

Coherence & Holography: Temporal Coherence, Spatial Coherence, Holography of Point object and an Extended Object

Laser Basics: Stimulated Emission, Population Inversion, Resonators, Threshold and Gain, Multi-layered Dielectric Films.

Course Code	PH-446
Course Title	Introduction to softwares
Credit Hours	3

Prerequisite /	None/ Object Oriented Programming
Co requisite	
Remarks	GRF-II (Gen-6)
Recommended Books	1. A Physicist's guide to Mathematica,2nd Ed., by Patrick T.
	Tam.
	2. An Introduction to Modern Mathematical
	Computing: With Mathematica, Springer
	3. Numerical Computing with MATLAB, by Cleve Moler
	4. A Guide to MATLAB for Beginners and Experienced
	Users by Brain R. Hunt, Ronald L. Lipsman & Jonathon
	M. Rosenberg.

Mathematica: What it is and what it can do; structure of Mathematica; symbols, exact numbers, and machine numbers; lists, vectors, and matrices. Working with Mathematica: Numerical calculations, symbolic calculations and graphics. Importing and exporting information. MATLAB: "Matrix Laboratory". Matlab syntax, workspace, variables. Script M-files, IO, control flow, debugging, and profiling tools. Object-oriented programming. Matlab applications. Introduction to Origin.

Course Code	PH-447
Course Title	LAB-IV
Credit Hours	1
Prerequisite /	None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Found-10

Course Description

List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of e/m of an electron.
- 2. Determination of ionization potential of mercury.
- 3. Characteristics of a semiconductor diode (Compare Si with Ge diode

- 4. Setting up of half & full wave rectifier & study of following factors
- 5. Smoothing effect of a capacitor
- 6. Ripple factor & its variation with load.
- 7. Study of regulation of output voltage with load.
- 8. To set up a single stage amplifier & measure its voltage gain and band width.
- 9. To set up transistor oscillator circuit and measure its frequency by an oscilloscope.
- 10. To set up and study various logic gates (AND, OR, NAND etc.) using diode and to develop their truth table.
- 11. To set up an electronic switching circuit using transistor LDR and demonstrate its use as a NOT Gate.
- 12. Characteristics of a transistor.
- 13. To study the characteristic curves of a G. M. counter and use it to determine the absorption co-efficient of β -particle in Aluminum.
- 14. Determination of range of α -particles.
- 15. Mass absorption coefficient of lead for γ -rays using G.M counter.
- 16. Use of computer in the learning of knowledge of GATE and other experiments.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-V

Course Code	PH-551
Course Title	Mathematical Methods of Physics-I
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Mechanics, Differential Equations, Linear Algebra /None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-6
Recommended Books	1. G. Arfken, H. J. Weber, and F. E. Harris, "Mathematical
	Methods for Physicists", Academic Press, 7th ed. 2012.
	2. K. F. Riley, M. P. Hobson, S. J. Bence, "Mathematical
	Methods for Physicists", Cambridge University Press,
	2006
	3. E. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John
	Wiley, 8th ed. 1999.

Partial Differential Equations: Introduction to important PDEs in Physics (wave equation, diffusion equation, Poisson's equation, Schrodinger's equation), general form of solution, general and particular solutions (first order, inhomogeneous, second order), characteristics and existence of solutions, uniqueness of solutions, separation of variables in Cartesian coordinates, superposition of separated solutions, separation of variables in curvilinear coordinates, integral transform methods, Green's functions

Complex Analysis: Review of polar form of complex numbers and de Moivre's theorem, complex logarithms and powers, functions of a complex variable, Cauchy-Riemann conditions, power series in a complex variable and analytic continuation with examples, multi-valued functions and branch cuts, singularities and zeroes of complex functions, complex integration, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Laurent series and residues, residue integration theorem, definite integrals using contour integration.

Course Code	PH-552
Course Title	Electrodynamics-I

Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Electricity & Magnetism, Calculus-II / None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-8
Recommended Books	Prentice Hall, 3rd ed. 1999. 2. M. N. O. Sadiku, "Elements of Electromagnetics", Oxford University Press, 5th ed. 2009 3. F. Melia, "Electrodynamics", University of Chicago Press, 2001. 4. Hearld J and W. Muller-Kristen, "Electrodynamics",
Course Description	World Scientific Publishing, 2nd ed. 2011

The Dirac Delta Function: Review of vector calculus using example of Dirac

Delta function, the divergence of r/r2, the one-dimensional and the three dimensional Dirac delta functions. The theory of vector fields: the Helmoholtz theorem, potentials. **Electrostatics:** The electric field: introduction, Coulomb's law, the electric field, continuous charge distributions. Divergence and curl of electrostatic fields: field lines, flux and Gauss's law, the divergence of E, applications of Gauss's law, the curl of E. Electric potential: introduction to potential, comments on potential, Poisson's equation and Laplace's equation, the potential of a localized charge distribution, summary, electrostatics boundary conditions, Work and energy in electrostatics: the work done to move a charge, the energy of a point charge distribution, the energy of a continuous charge distribution, comments on electrostatic energy. Conductors: basic properties, induced charges, surface charge and the force on a conductor, capacitors. **Special Techniques:** Laplace's equation: introduction, Laplace's equation in one, two

The Method of Images: The classic image problem, induced surface charge, force and energy, other image problems.

second uniqueness theorems.

and three dimensions, boundary conditions and uniqueness theorems, conductors and

Multi-pole Expansion: Approximate potential at large, the monopole and dipole terms, origin of coordinates in multi-pole, expansions, the electric field of a dipole. Electric Fields in Matter: Polarization: dielectrics, induced dipoles, alignment of polar molecules, polarization. The field of a polarized object: bound charges, physical interpretation of bound charges, and the field inside a dielectric. The electric displacement: Gauss's law in the presence of dielectrics, a deceptive parallel, boundary conditions. Linear Dielectrics: susceptibility, permittivity, dielectric constant, boundary value problems with linear dielectrics, energy in dielectric systems, forces on dielectrics.

Magnetostatics: The Lorentz Force law: magnetic fields, magnetic forces, currents. The Biot-Savart Law: steady currents, the magnetic field of a steady current. The divergence and curl of B: straight-line currents, the divergence and curl of B, applications of Ampere's law, comparison of magnetostatics and electrostatics. Magnetic Vector Potential: the vector potential, summary, magnetic boundary conditions, multi-pole expansion of the vector potential.

Magnetic Fields in Matter: Magnetization, diamagnets, paramagnets, ferromagnets, torques and forces on magnetic dipoles, effect of a magnetic field on atomic orbits, magnetization. The Field of a Magnetized Object:bound currents, physical interpretation of bound currents, and the magnetic field inside matter. The auxiliary field H: Ampere's law in magnetized materials, a deceptive parallel, boundary conditions. Linear and nonlinear media: magnetic susceptibility and permeability, ferromagnetism.

Course Code	PH-553
Course Title	Classical Mechanics
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Mechanics / None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-3
Recommended Books	1. T. L. Chow, "Classical Mechanics", John Wiley, 1995.
	2. T. Kibble and F. Berkshire, "Classical Mechanics", World

	Scientific, 5th ed. 2004.
Course Description	

Review of Newtonian Mechanics: Frame of reference, orthogonal transformations, angular velocity and angular acceleration, Newton's laws of motion, Galilean transformation, conservation laws, systems of particles, motion under a constant force, motions under variable force, time-varying mass system.

The Lagrange Formulation of Mechanics and Hamilton Dynamics:

Generalized co-ordinates and constraints, D'Alembert's principle and Lagrange's Equations, Hamilton's principle, integrals of motion, non conservative system and generalized potential, Lagrange's multiplier method, the Hamiltonian of a dynamical system, canonical equations, canonical transformations, Poisson brackets, phase space and Liouville's theorem.

Central Force Motion: The two-body problem, effective potential and classification of orbits, Kepler's laws, stability of circular orbits, hyperbolic orbits and Rutherford scattering, center of mass co-ordinate system, scattering cross-sections.

Motion in Non-inertial Systems: Accelerated translational co-ordinate system, dynamics in rotating co-ordinate system, motion of a particle near the surface of the earth.

The Motion of Rigid Bodies: The Euler angles, rotational kinetic energy and angular momentum, the inertia tensor, Euler equations of motion, motion of a torque-free symmetrical top, stability of rotational motion.

Course Code	PH-554
Course Title	Electronics-I
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Modern Physics /None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-4
Recommended Books	1. Thomas L. Floyd, "Electronics Fundamentals: Circuits,
	Devices and Applications", Prentice Hall, 8th ed., 2009.
	2. B. Grob, "Basic Electronics", McGraw-Hill, Tch ed.
	1997.
	3. B. Streetman and S. Banerjee "Solid State Electronics
	Devices", Prentice Hall, 6th ed. 2005.
	4. A. Bar-lev, "Semiconductor and Electronics Devices",

Prentice Hall, 3rd ed. 1993.

- 5. D. H. Navon and B. Hilbert, "Semiconductor Microdevices and Materials", CBS College Publishing, 1986.
- 6. A. P. Malvino, "Electronic Principles", McGraw-Hill, 7th ed. 2006.
- 7. R. T. Paynter, "Introductory Electric Circuits", Prentice Hall, 1998.

Course Description

The Semiconductor Diode: Metals, insulators and semiconductors, Conduction in Silicon and Germanium, The forbidden energy gap, n and p type semiconductors, the junction diode, diode voltage-current equation, Zener diodes, light emitting diodes, photodiodes, capacitance effects in the pn junction.

The Diode as Rectifier and Switch: The ideal diode model, the half wave rectifier, the full wave rectifier, the bridge rectifier, measurement of ripple factor in the rectifier circuit, the capacitor filter, the Π filter, the Π -R filter, the voltage doubling rectifier circuit, rectifying AC voltmeters, diode wave clippers, diode clampers.

Circuit Theory and Analysis: Superposition theorem, Thevenin's Theorem, Norton's Theorem, Model for circuit, one port and two-port network, Hybrid parameter equivalent circuit, Power in decibels.

The Junction Transistor as an Amplifier: Transistor voltage and current designations, the junction transistors, the volt-ampere curve of a transistor, the current amplification factors, the load line and Q point, the basic transistor amplifiers, the common emitter amplifier, the trans-conductance gm, performance of a CE amplifier, relation between Ai and Av, the CB amplifier, the CC amplifier, comparison of amplifier performance.

DC Bias for the Transistor: Choice of Q point, variation of Q point, fixed transistor bias, the four resistor bias circuit, design of a voltage feedback bias circuit, Common emitter, common collector, common base biasing.

Field Effect Transistor: What is /field effect transistor, JFET: Static characteristics of JFET, Metal oxide semiconductor Field Effect Transistor (MOSFET of IGFET): enhancement and depletion mode, FET biasing techniques, Common drain, common source and common gate, fixed bias and self-bias configurations, Universal JFET bias curve, Darlington pair.

Operational Amplifiers: The integrated amplifier, the differential amplifier, common mode rejection ratio, the operational amplifier, summing operation, integration operation, comparator, milli-voltmeter.

Course Code	PH-555

Course Title	Pakistan Studies
Credit Hours	2
Prerequisite /	None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Comp-5
Recommended Books	1. Burki, Shahid Javed. State & Society in Pakistan, The
	Macmillan Press Ltd 1980.
	2. Akbar, S. Zaidi. Issue in Pakistan's Economy. Karachi:
	Oxford University Press, 2000.
	3. S.M. Burke and Lawrence Ziring. Pakistan"s Foreign
	policy: An Historical analysis. Karachi: Oxford University
	Press, 1993.
	4. Mehmood, Safdar. Pakistan Political Roots &
	Development. Lahore, 1994.
	5. Wilcox, Wayne.The Emergence of Banglades.,
	Washington: American Enterprise, Institute of Public
	Policy Research, 1972.

Historical Perspective, Ideological rationale with special reference to Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Allama Muhammad Iqbal and Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah.Factors leading to Muslim separatism, People and Land, Indus Civilization, Muslim advent, Location and geo-physical features. Government and Politics in Pakistan Political and constitutional phases,1947-58, 1958-71, 1971-77, 1977-88, 1988-99, 1999 onward, Contemporary Pakistan, Economic institutions and issues, Society and social structure, Ethnicity, Foreign policy of Pakistan and challenges, Futuristic outlook of Pakistan.

Course Code	PH-556
Course Title	LAB-V (Electronics)
Credit Hours	2

Prerequisite	Electronics-I
Remarks	Maj-16
Course Description	•

Electronics:

List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of e/m of an electron.
- 2. Determination of ionization potential of mercury.
- 3. Characteristics of a semiconductor diode (Compare Si with Ge diode)
- 4. Setting up of half & full wave rectifier & study of following factors
- 5. Smoothing effect of a capacitor
- 6. Ripple factor & its variation with load.
- 7. Study of regulation of output voltage with load.
- 8. To set up a single stage amplifier & measure its voltage gain and band width.
- 9. To set up transistor oscillator circuit and measure its frequency by an oscilloscope.
- 10. To set up and study various logic gates (AND, OR, NAND etc.) using diode and to develop their truth table.
- 11. To set up an electronic switching circuit using transistor LDR and demonstrate its use as a NOT Gate.
- 12. Characteristics of a transistor.
- 13. To study the characteristic curves of a G. M. counter and use it to determine the absorption co-efficient of β-particle in Aluminum.
- 14. Determination of range of α -particles.
- 15. Mass absorption coefficient of lead for γ -rays using G.M counter.
- 16. Use of computer in the learning of knowledge of GATE and other experiments.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-VI

Course Code	PH-561
Course Title	Mathematical Methods of Physics-II
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Mathematical Methods of Physics-I
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-7
Recommended Books	1. M.L. Boas, 'Mathematical Methods in Physical Sciences',
	John Wiley & Sons, New York (1989).
	2. C. Wa Wong, 'Introduction to Mathematical Physics',
	Oxford University Press, New York (1991).
	3. Hassani, 'Foundations of Mathematical Physics', Prentice
	Hall International Inc" Singapore.
	4. Chattopadhyay, 'Mathematical Physical', Wiley Eastern
	Limited, New Delhi, (1990).
	5. H, Cohen, 'Mathematics for Scientists & Engineers' Prentice
	Hall International Inc., New Jersey (1992).

Group Theory and Representations for finite groups: Transformations, groups definitions and examples, subgroups and Cayley's theorem, cosets and Lagrange's theorem, conjugate classes, invariant subgroups, factor groups, homomorphism, direct products, mappings, linear operators, matrix representations, similarity transformation and equivalent matrix representations, group representations, equivalent representations and characters, construction of representations and addition of representations, invariance of functions and operators, unitary spaces and Hermitian matrices, operators: adjoint, self-adjoint, unitary, Hilbert space, reducibility of representations, Schur's lemmas, orthogonality relations, group algebra, expansion of functions in basis of irreducible representations, Kronecker product, symmetrized and anti-symmetrized representations, adjoint and complex-conjugate representations, real representations, Clebsch-Gordan series and coefficients, applications of these ideas to classification of spectral terms, perturbation theory and coupled systems

Tensor Analysis: Vector calculus (differentiation, integration, space curves, multivariable vectors, surfaces, scalar and vector fields, gradient, divergence and curl, cylindrical and spherical corrdinates, general curvilinear coordinates), change of basis, Cartesian tensor as a geometrical object, order/rank of a tensor, tensor algebra, quotient law, pseudotensors, Kronecker delta and Levi cevita, dual tensors, physical applications,

integral theorems for tensors, non-Cartesian tensors, general coordinate transformations and tensors, relative tensors, Christoffel symbols, covariant differentiation, vector operators in tensor form, absolute derivatives along curves, geodesics.

Course Code	PH-562
Course Title	Quantum Mechanics-I
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Modern Physics /None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-1
Recommended Books	1. D.J. Griffiths, "Introduction to Quantum Mechanics",
	Addison-Wesley, 2 nd ed. 2004.R.
	2. Liboff, "Introductory Quantum Mechanics", Addison-
	Wesley, 4 ed. 2002.
	3. N. Zettili, "Quantum Mechanics: Concepts and
	Applications", John Wiley, 2nd ed. 2009.
Course Description	

Course Description

Waves and Particles: Introduction to the fundamental ideas of quantum mechanics: Electromagnetic waves and photon, material particles and matter waves, quantum description of a particle, wave packets, particle in a time-independent scalar potential, order of magnitude of the wavelength associated with material particles, constraints imposed by uncertainty relations, one-dimensional Gaussian wave packet: Spreading of the wave packet, stationary states of a particle in one-dimensional square potential, behavior of a wave packet at a potential step.

The Mathematical Tools of Quantum Mechanics: One-particle wave function space, state space, Dirac notation, representations in the state space, observable, representations, review of some useful properties of linear operators, unitary operators, study of the $\{|r>\}$ and $\{|P>\}$ representations, some general properties of two observable, Q and P, whose commutator is equal to $i\hbar$, the two-dimensional infinite well.

The Postulates of Quantum Mechanics: Statement of the postulates and their physical interpretation, the physical implications of the Schrodinger equation, the superposition principle, particle in an infinite potential well, study of the probability current in some special case, root-mean-square deviations of two conjugate observables, the density and evolution operators, Schrodinger and Heisenberg pictures, Gauge invariance, bound states of a particle in a potential well of arbitrary shape, unbound states of a particle in the presence of a potential well or barrier of arbitrary shape, quantum properties of a

particle in a one-dimensional periodic structure.

Application of The Postulates to Simple Cases: Spin ½ And Two-Level Quantum Systems: Spin ½ particles, quantization of the angular momentum, illustration of the postulates in the case of a spin ½, general study of two level systems, Pauli matrices, diagonalization of a 2×2 hermitian matrix, System of two spin ½ particles, Spin ½ density matrix, Spin ½ particle in a static magnetic field and a rotating field, Magnetic resonance.

The One-Dimensional Harmonic Oscillator: Importance of the harmonic oscillator in physics, eigenvalues and eigenstates of the Hamiltonian, mean value and root-mean-square deviations of X and P in state $|\Psi_n\rangle$, Some examples of harmonic oscillators, study of the stationary states in the $\{|r\rangle\}$ representation, Hermite polynomials, solving the Eigenvalues of the harmonic oscillators by the polynomial method, study of the stationary states in the $\{|P\rangle\}$ representation, isotropic three-dimensional harmonic oscillator, charged harmonic oscillator placed in a uniform electric field, coherent states, Normal vibrational modes of coupled harmonic oscillators, vibrational modes of an infinite linear chain of coupled harmonic oscillators, phonons, one dimensional harmonic oscillator in thermodynamics equilibrium at a temperature T.

General Properties of Angular Momentum in Quantum Mechanics: concept of angular momentum in quantum mechanics, commutation relations, application to orbital angular momentum, spherical harmonics, rotation operators, rotation of diatomic molecules, angular momentum of stationary states of a two-dimensional harmonic oscillator, charged particle in a magnetic field and Landau levels.

Particle in a Central Potential: The Hydrogen atom, Stationary states of a particle in a central potential, motion of the center of mass and relative motion for a system of two interacting particles, Hydrogen atom, Hydrogen like systems, A solvable example of a central potential: the isotropic three dimensional harmonic oscillator, probability currents associated with the stationary states of the hydrogen atom, The hydrogen atom placed in a uniform magnetic field, para-magnetism and diamagnetism, Zeeman effect, study of some atomic orbitals, vibrational-rotational levels of diatomic molecules.

Course Code	PH-563
Course Title	Electrodynamics-II
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Electrodynamics-I / None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-9
Recommended Books	1. D. J. Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics", ed.
	Prentice Hall, 3rd ed. 1999.
	2. M. N. O. Sadiku, "Elements of Electromagnetics", Oxford

	University Press, 5th ed. ed. 2009.
3.	F. Melia, "Electrodynamics", University of Chicago
	Press, 1st ed. 2001.
4.	Hearld J and W. Muller-Kristen, "Electrodynamics",
	World Scientific Publishing, 2nd ed. 2011

a moving point charge.

Electrodynamics: Electromotive force: Ohm's law, electromotive force, motional emf, electromagnetic induction: Faraday's law, the induced electric field, inductance, energy in magnetic fields, Maxwell's equations: electrodynamics before Maxwell, how Maxwell fixed Ampere's law, Maxwell's equations, magnetic charges, Maxwell's equations in matter, boundary conditions.

Conservation Laws: Charge and energy: the continuity equation, Poynting's theorem, momentum: Newton's third law in electrodynamics, Maxwell's stress tensor, conservation of momentum, angular momentum.

Electromagnetic Waves: Waves in one dimension: the wave equation, sinusoidal waves, boundary conditions, reflection and transmission, polarization, electromagnetic waves in vacuum: the wave equation for E and B, monochromatic plane waves, energy and momentum in electromagnetic waves, electromagnetic waves in matter: propagation in linear media, reflection and transmission at normal incidence, reflection and transmission at oblique incidence, absorption and dispersion: electromagnetic waves in conductors, reflection at a conducting surface, the frequency dependence of permittivity, guided waves: wave guides, the waves in a rectangular wave guide, the coaxial transmission line. Potentials and Fields: The potential formulation: scalar and vector potentials, gauge transformations, Coulomb gauge and Lorentz gauge, continuous distributions: retarded

Radiation, Dipole Radiation: What is radiation, electric dipole radiation, magnetic dipole radiation, radiation from an arbitrary source, point charges: power radiated by a point charge, radiation reaction, the physical basis of the radiation reaction.

potentials, Jefimenko's equations, point charges: Lienard-Wiechert potentials, the field of

Electrodynamics and Relativity: The special theory of relativity: Einstein's postulates, the geometry of relativity, the Lorentz transformations, the structure of space-time, relativistic mechanics: proper time and proper velocity, relativistic energy and momentum, relativistic kinematics, relativistic dynamics, relativistic electrodynamics: magnetism as a relativistic phenomenon, how the field transform, the field tensor, electrodynamics in tensor notation, relativistic potentials.

Course Code	PH-564
Course Title	Electronics-II

Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Electronic-I/None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-5
Recommended Books	1. Thomas L. Floyd, "Electronics Fundamentals: Circuits,
	Devices and Applications", Prentice Hall, 8th ed. 2009.
	2. B. Grob, "Basic Electronics", McGraw-Hill, Tch ed. 1997.
	3. B. Streetman and S. Banerjee "Solid State Electronics
	Devices", Prentice Hall, 6th ed. 2005.
	4. A. Bar-lev, "Semiconductor and Electronics Devices",
	Prentice Hall, 3rd ed. 1993.
	5. D. H. Navon and B. Hilbert, "Semiconductor Micro-
	devices and Materials", CBS College Publishing, 1986.
	6. A. P. Malvino, "Electronic Principles", McGraw-Hill, 7th
	ed. 2006.
	7. R. T. Paynter, "Introductory Electric Circuits", Prentice
	Hall, 1998.

Amplifiers and their Frequency Response: Cascade amplifier, The Amplifier pass band, The frequency plot, Low frequency plot, Low frequency limit, The un-bypassed emitter resistor, high frequency equivalent circuit, The Miller Effect, high frequency limit of transistor, bandwidth of a cascade amplifier.

Feedback: Positive and Negative feedback, Principle of feedback amplifier, stabilization of gain by negative feedback, Bandwidth improvement with negative feedback, Reduction of nonlinear distortion, control of amplifier output and input resistance, current series feedback circuit, voltage shunt feedback circuit.

Oscillators: Introduction, Classification of oscillators, Damped and undamped oscillators, the oscillatory circuit, frequency stability of an oscillator, essentials of a feedback LC oscillator, tuned base oscillator, Hartley oscillator, Colpitis oscillator, crystal oscillator.

Power Amplifiers: Introduction, Power relation in class-A amplifiers, effect of thermal environment, determination of the output distortion, class-B amplifier, efficiency of class-A and class-B amplifiers.

Modulation and Demodulation: Introduction, carrier wave modulation, Need for

modulation, radio Broadcasting, Methods of modulation, amplitude modulation, Forms of amplitude modulation, single side band system of modulation, Diode for linear detector for amplitude modulation, High power level amplitude modulation, automatic volume control, Frequency modulation.

Multivibrators: Multivibrators, Basic types of Multivibrators, uses of Multivibrators, Astable Multivibrators, Mono-stable Multivibrators, Bi-stable Multivibrators, Schmitt Trigger Circuit.

Integrated Circuits: Introduction, Integrated circuit advantages and drawbacks, scale of integration, classification of integrated circuit by structure, Classification of integrated circuit by function, comparison between different integrated circuit. Integrated circuit terminology, Integrated circuit fabrication, Basic processing steps. Silicon device processes Silicon wafer preparation, diffusion, Oxidation photolithography, Chemical vapour deposition, Metallization, Circuit probing, Scribing and separating into chips, Mounting and packing applications of integrated circuit.

Digital Circuits: Decimal, Binary, Octal, hexadecimal number systems, conversion of decimal numbers to any other number system and vice-versa, Binary codes, OR, AND, NOT, NAND, NOR logic gates, Boolean Algebra. Boolean expressions, simplification of Boolean expression using Boolean Algebra.

Course Code	PH-565
Course Title	Statistical Physics
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Heat & Thermodynamics, Calculus-II, Statistics /None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-10
Recommended Books	1. F. Reif, "Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal
	Physics", Waveland Pr Inc, 2008.
	2. W. Brewer, F. Schwabl, "Statistical Mechanics", Springer,
	2nd ed. 2006.
	3. T. L. Hill, "Statistical Mechanics", World Scientific
	Publishing Company, (2004).
	4. K. Huang, "Statistical Mechanics", John Wiley, 2nd ed.
	1987.
Course Description	

Review of Classical Thermodynamics: States, macroscopic vs. microscopic, "heat" and "work", energy, entropy, equilibrium, laws of thermodynamics, Equations of state, thermodynamic potentials, temperature, pressure, chemical potential, thermodynamic processes (engines, refrigerators), Maxwell relations, phase equilibria.

Foundation of Statistical Mechanics: Phase Space, Trajectories in Phase Space, Conserved Quantities and Accessible Phase Space, Macroscopic Measurements and Time Averages, Ensembles and Averages over Phase Space, Liouville's Theorem, The Ergodic Hypothesis, Equal a priori Probabilities. Specification of the state of a system, concept of ensembles, elementary probability calculations, distribution functions, statistical interpretation of entropy (Boltzmann theorem).

Statistical Ensembles: Microcanonical ensemble, canonical ensemble and examples (e.g., paramagnet), calculation of mean values, calculation of partition function and its relation with thermodynamic quantities, the grand canonical ensemble and examples (e.g. adsorption), calculation of partition function and thermodynamic quantities.

Simple Applications of Ensemble Theory: Monoatomic ideal gas in classical and quantum limit, Gibb's paradox and quantum mechanical enumeration of states, equipartition theorem and examples (ideal gas, harmonic oscillator), specific heat of solids, quantum mechanical calculation of para-magnetism.

Quantum Statistics: Indistinguishability and symmetry requirements, Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics, Bose-Einstein and photon statistics, Fermi- Dirac statistics (distribution functions, partition functions). Examples: polyatomic ideal gas (MB), black body radiation (photon statistics), conduction electrons in metals (FD), Bose condensation (BE).

Systems of Interacting Particles: Lattice vibrations in solids, van der Waals gas, mean field calculation, ferromagnets in mean field approximation.

Course Code	PH-566
Course Title	LAB-VI (Modern Physics)
Credit Hours	2
Prerequisite /	Modern Physics
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-17
G B : ::	

Course Description

Modern Physics:

List of Experiments:

- 1. To study the characteristics of a Geiger-Muller counter and to examine the attenuations of beta particles in Al-and Pb foils.
- 2. Measurement of the half-life of a radio nuclide. To study the pulse-height as a function of

the H.H.T. in a scintillation counter.

- 3. Measurement of the spectrum of gamma rays from a radioisotope. Shielding and attenuation of gamma rays.
- 4. To study the characteristics of a solid-state detector and use it to measure the spectra of alpha and beta particles.
- 5. Use of a Lithium-drifted Ge-counter for gamma spectroscopy and to compare its performance with that of a NA l-detector.
- 6. AC circuits and dielectric constants of water and ice.
- 7. Radio frequency measurement. Skin-effect, etc.
- 8. Experiments with transmission lines.
- 9. Measurement of characteristic impedance. Velocity. Standing wave ratio, etc.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-VII

Course Code	PH-671
Course Title	Quantum Mechanics-II
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Quantum Mechanics-I /None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-2
Recommended Books	1. D.J. Griffiths, "Introduction to Quantum Mechanics", Addison-
	Wesley, 2 nd ed. 2004.
	2. R. Liboff, "Introductory Quantum Mechanics", Addison-
	Wesley, 4th ed. 2002.
	3. N. Zettili, "Quantum Mechanics: Concepts and Applications",
	John Wiley, 2nd ed. 2009.

Addition of Angular Momenta: Total angular momentum in classical mechanics, total angular momentum in quantum mechanics, addition of two spin $\frac{1}{2}$ angular momenta, addition of two arbitrary angular momenta, Clebsch-Gordon coefficients, sddition of spherical harmonics, vector operators, Wigner-Eckart theorem, electric Multi-pole moments, Evolution of two angular momenta J_1 and J_2 coupled by an interaction aJ_1 . J_2 . Stationary Perturbation Theory: Description of the method, perturbation of a non-degenerate level, perturbation of a degenerate level, one-dimensional harmonic oscillator subjected to a perturbing potential, interaction between the magnetic dipoles of two spin $\frac{1}{2}$ particles, Van der waals forces, volume effect and The influence of the spatial extension of the nucleus on the atomic levels, variational method, energy bands of electrons in solids, a simple example of the chemical bond: The H_2^+ ion Applications of Perturbation Theory to Atomic Systems: fine and hyperfine structure of atomic levels in hydrogen, Calculation of the mean values of the spin-orbit coupling in the 1s, 2s and 2p levels, hyperfine structure And the Zeeman effect for muonium and positronium, Stark effect.

Approximation Methods for Time-Dependent Problems: Statement of the problem, approximate solution of the Schrodinger equation, An important special case: Sinusoidal or constant perturbation, Interaction of an atom with electromagnetic waves, linear and non-linear response of a two-level system subjected to a sinusoidal perturbation, Ooscillations of a system between two discrete states under the effect of a resonant perturbation, Rabi flopping, decay of discrete state resonantly coupled to a continuum of final states, Fermi's golden rule.

Systems of Identical Particles: Identical particles, Permutation operators, The

symmetrization postulate, difference between bosons and fermions, Pauli's exclusion principle, many-electrons atom and their electronic configurations, energy levels of the helium atom, configurations, terms, multiplets, spin isomers of hydrogen (ortho and parahydrogen).

Scattering by a Potential: Importance of collision phenomena, Stationary scattering states, scattering cross section, scattering by a central potential, method of partial waves, phenomenological description of collisions with absorption.

Course Code	PH-672
Course Title	Atomic & Molecular Physics
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Quantum Mechanics-II / Quantum Mechanics-II
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-14
Recommended Books	1. C. J. Foot, "Atomic Physics", Oxford University Press, 2005.
	2. B. H. Bransden and C. J. Joachain, "Physics of Atoms and
	Molecules", Pearson Education, 2nd ed. 2008.
	3. W. Demtroder, "Atoms, Molecules and Photons", y, Springer,
	2nd ed. 2010.
	4. C. N. Banwell and E. M. McCash, "Fundamentals of Molecular
	Spectroscopy", McGraw-Hill, 4th ed. 1994.
	5.J. M. Hollas, "Basic Atomic & Molecular Spectroscopy", John
	Wiley, 2002.

Course Description

One Electron Atoms: Review of Bohr Model of Hydrogen Atom, Reduced Mass, Atomic Units and Wavenumbers, Energy Levels and Spectra, Schrodinger Equation for One-Electron Atoms, Quantum Angular Momentum and Spherical Harmonics, Electron Spin, Spin-Orbit interaction. Levels and Spectroscopic Notation, Lamb Shift, Hyperfine Structure and Isotopic Shifts. Rydberg Atoms.

Interaction of One-Electron Atoms with Electromagnetic Radiation: Radiative Transition Rates, Dipole Approximation, Einstein Coefficients, Selection Rules, Dipole Allowed and Forbidden Transitions. Metastable Levels, Line Intensities and Lifetimes of Excited States, Shape and Width of Spectral Lines, Scattering of Radiation by Atomic Systems, Zeeman Effect, Linear and Quadratic Stark Effect.

Many-Electron Atoms: Schrodinger Equation for Two-Electron Atoms, Para and Ortho States, Pauli's Principle and Periodic Table, Coupling of Angular Momenta, L-S and J-J Coupling. Ground State and Excited States of Multi- Electron Atoms, Configurations and Terms.

Molecular Structure and Spectra: Structure of Molecules, Covalent and Ionic Bonds, Electronic Structure of Diatomic Molecules, Rotation and Vibration of Diatomic Molecules, Born-Oppenheimer Approximation. Electronic Spectra, Transition Probabilities and Selection Rules, Frank-Condon Principle, H2+ and H2. Effects of Symmetry and Exchange. Bonding and Anti-bonding Orbitals. Electronic Spin and Hund's Cases, Nuclear Motion: Rotation and Vibrational Spectra (Rigid Rotation, Harmonic Vibrations). Selection Rules. Spectra of Triatomic and Polyatomic Molecules, Raman Spectroscopy, Mossbauer Spectroscopy.

Course Code	PH-673
Course Title	Solid State Physics-I
Credit Hours	3
Prerequisite /	Quantum Mechanics-I, Statistical Physics / None
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-12
Recommended Books	1. C. Kittle, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", John Wiley,
	8th ed. 2005.
	2. N. W. Ashcroft and N. D. Mermin, "Solid State Physics",
	Rinehart & Winston, 1976.
	3. S. R. Elliott, "The Physics and Chemistry of Solids", John
	Wiley, 1998
	4. M. A. Omar, "Elementary and Solid State Physics", Pearson
	Education, 2000.
	5. H. M. Rosenberg, "The Solid State", Oxford Science
	Publication, 3rd ed. 1988.
Course Description	6. M. A. Wahab, "Solid State Physics", Narosa Publishing House, 1999

Course Description

Crystal Structure: Lattices and basis, Symmetry operations, Fundamental Types of Lattice, Position and Orientation of Planes in Crystals, Simple crystal structures.

Crystal Diffraction and Reciprocal Lattice: Diffraction of X-rays, Neutrons and electrons from crystals; Bragg's law; Reciprocal lattice, Ewald construction and Brillouin

zone, Fourier Analysis of the Basis.

Phonons and Lattice: Quantization of Lattice Vibrations, Phonon momentum, inelastic scattering by phonons, Lattice Vibrations for Monoatomic and diatomic basis, Optical Properties in the Infrared Region.

Thermal Properties of Solids: Lattice heat Capacity, Classical model, Einstein Model, Enumeration of normal modes, Density of state in one, two or three dimensions, Debye model of heat capacity, Comparison with experimental results, thermal conductivity and resistivity, Umklapp processes.

Electrical Properties of Metals: Classical free electron theory of metals, energy levels and density of orbital's in one dimension, effect of temperature on the Fermi–Dirac distribution function, properties of the free electron gas, electrical conductivity and Ohm's Law, thermal and electrical conductivities of metals and their ratio, motion of free electrons in magnetic fields, cyclotron frequency, static magneto conductivity and Hall Effect along with applications.

Course Code	PH-674
Course Title	LAB-VII
Credit Hours	2
Prerequisite /	Modern Physics / Nuclear Physics
Co requisite	
Remarks	Maj-18

Course Description

Advanced Experiments:

List of Experiments:

- 1. Measurement of the total neutron cross-section
- 2. To prove the Rutherford law of scattering of charged particles.
- **3.** Measurement of the spectrum of gamma rays from a radioisotope (e.g.Cs) and study of their photoelectric and Compton absorption.
- **4.** Source strength of C060 by gamma coincidence methods.
- **5.** Determination of the constituents of substance by activation analysis.
- **6.** To examine the characteristics of a Solid-State detector and to use it for alpha and beta Spectroscopy and compare the results with those obtained by a scintillation counter.
- 7. The use of an analogue computer for solving differential equations.
- **8.** To examine the stopping-power of various substances for thermal neutrons.

- 9. Determination of Planck's constant (h) by using the photoelectric effect.
- 10. Determination of the charge on an electron (e) by Millikan's method.
- 11. The Frank-hertz experiment (Measurement of excitation potential of Hg).
- 12. Determination of the Rydberg constant from the spectrum of hydrogen.
- 13. Fabry-Perot interferometer used as a gas refractometer.
- **14.** To study the Zeeman effect for a line in the spectrum of helium.
- 15. Experiments with microwaves. Study of their optical properties.
- **16.** Electron spin resonance (E.S.R.) by microwave absorption.
- 17. Nuclear magnetic resonance (N.M.R.) of protons in water.
- 18. The study of the Mossba uer effect.
- **19.** The measurement of Hall effect in germanium and silicon.
- **20.** To build a medium or short-wave transmitter.
- **21.** Measurement of the conductivity of Si and Ge as a functions of temperature.
- 22. To determine the energy gap in silicon and Germanium.
- **23.** Drift mobility. (Shockley-Haynes experiments for Germanium, demonstrating transistor action).
- 24. Simple diode manufacture and point-contact transistor.

Note: At least 12 experiments to be performed.

BS-PHYSICS SEMESTER-VIII

Course Code	PH-681				
Course Title	Nuclear Physics				
Credit Hours	3				
Prerequisite /	Modern Physics / None				
Co requisite					
Remarks	Maj-11				
Recommended Books	1. E. Segre, "Nuclei and Particles", Bejamin-Cummings, 2nd ed.				
	1977.				
	2. Kaplan, "Nuclear Physics", Addison-Wisely, 1980.				
	3. Green, "Nuclear Physics", McGraw-Hill, 1995.				
	4. K. S. Krane, "Introducing Nuclear Physics", John Wiley, 3rd				
	ed. 1988.				
	5. B. Povh, K. Rith, C. Scholtz, F. Zetsche, "Particle and Nuclei",				
	1999.				

History: Starting from Bacqurel's discovery of radioactivity to Chedwick's neutron.

Basic Properties of Nucleus: Nuclear size, mass, binding energy, nuclear spin, magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole moment, parity and statistics.

Nuclear Forces: Yukawa's theory of nuclear forces. Nucleon scattering, charge independence and spin dependence of nuclear force, isotopic spin.

Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model, Fermi gas model, Shell model, Collective model.

Theories of Radioactive Decay: Theory of Alpha decay and explanation of observed phenomena, measurement of Beta ray energies, the magnetic lens spectrometer, Fermi theory of Beta decay, Neutrino hypothesis, theory of Gamma decay, multipolarity of Gamma rays, Nuclear isomerism.

Nuclear Reactions: Conservation laws of nuclear reactions, Q-value and threshold energy of nuclear reaction, energy level and level width, cross sections for nuclear reactions, compound nucleolus theory of nuclear reaction and its limitations, direct reaction, resonance reactions, Breit-Wigner one level formula including the effect of angular momentum.

Course Code	PH-682

Course Title	Solid State Physics-II					
Credit Hours	3					
Prerequisite	Solid State Physics-I					
Remarks	Maj-13					
Recommended Books	1. C. Kittle, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", John Wiley,					
	8th ed. 2005.					
	2. N. W. Ashcroft and N. D. Mermin, "Solid State Physics",					
	Rinehart & Winston, 1976.					
	3. G. Burns, "High Temperature Superconductivity: An					
	Introduction", Academic Press, 1992.					
	4. M. Fox, "Optical Properties of Solids", Oxford University					
	Press, 2nd ed. 2010.					
	5. N. A. Spaldin, "Magnetic Materials: Fundamentals and Device					
	Applications", Cambridge University Press, 2nd ed. 2010.					

Dielectric Properties of Solids: Polarization, Depolarization, Local and Maxwell field, Lorentz field, Clausius-Mossotti relation, Dielectric Constant and Polarizability, Masurement of dielectric constant, ferro electricity and ferroelectric crystals, Phase Transitions, First and 2nd order phase transitions, Applications

Semiconductors: General properties of semiconductors, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, their band structure, carrier statistics in thermal equilibrium, band level treatment of conduction in semiconductors and junction diodes, diffusion and drift currents, collisions and recombination times

Optical Properties: Interaction of light with solids, Optical Properties of Metals and Non-Metals, Kramers Kronnig Relation, Excitons, Raman Effect in crystals, optical spectroscopy of solids.

Magnetic Properties of Materials: Magnetic dipole moment and susceptibility, different kinds of magnetic materials, Langevin diamagnetic equation, Paramagnetic equation and Curie law, Classical and quantum approaches to paramagnetic materials. Ferro-magnetic and anti-ferromagnetic order, Curie point and exchange integral, Effect of temperature on different kinds of magnetic materials and applications.

Superconductivity: Introduction to superconductivity, Zero-Resistance and Meissner Effect, Type I and Type II superconductors, Thermodynamic fields, Tow fluid model, London equations, BCS and Ginzburg Landau Theory, Vortex Behaviour, Critical Current Density, Josephson effect applications.

BS-PHYSICS ELECTIVE COURSES

Course Code	PH-675				
Course Title	ntroduction to Plasma Physics				
Credit Hours	03				
Remarks	Elective				
Recommended Books	1. F. F. Chen, "Introduction to Plasma Physics", 2nd ed.				
	Plenum, 1995.				
	2. D. A. Gurnett and A. Bhattacharjee, "Introduction to				
	Plasma Physics: with space and laboratory application",				
	Cambridge University Press, 2005.				
	3. T. J. M. Boyd and J. J. Sanderson, "The Physics of				
	Plasmas", Cambridge University Press, 2003.				

Introduction: Occurrence of plasma, Concept of temperature, Debye shielding, the plasma parameter, Criteria for plasma.

Course Code	PH-676					
Course Title	Introduction to Material Science					
Credit Hours	03					
Remarks	Elective					
Recommended Books	1. W. D. Callister, "Materials Science and Engineering: An					
	Introduction", Wiley, 7th ed. 2006.					
	2. W. D. Callister and D. G. Rethwisch "Fundamentals of					
	Materials Science and Engineering: An Integrated Approach",					
	Wiley, 4th ed. 2012.					
	3. J. F. Shackelford, "Introduction to Materials Science for					
	Engineers", Prentice Hall, 7th ed. 2008.					
	4. http://www.msm.cam.ac.uk/teaching/index.php,					
	5. http://www.doitpoms.ac.uk/					
Course Description						

Atomic Structure of Materials: The packing of atoms in 2-D and 3-D, unit cells of the hexagonal close packing (hcp) and cubic closed packing (ccp) structures, interstitial structures, density computation, lattices and symmetry elements, indexing lattice directions and lattice planes, interplanar spacing, lattices and crystal systems in 3-D, symmetry, crystallographic point groups and space groups, Bragg's law and the intensities of Bragg reflections.

Imperfections in Solids: Vacancies, impurities, dislocations, interfacial defects, bulk or volume defects, atomic vibrations.

Microstructure: Microstructure and microscopy, pressure vs. temperature phase diagrams, temperature vs. composition phase diagrams, equilibrium, thermodynamic functions, variation of Gibbs energy with temperature and composition, general features of equilibrium phase diagrams, solidification, diffusion mechanisms, nucleation of a new phase, phase diagrams of Fe-C system and other important alloys, materials fabrication.

Mechanical Behavior of Materials: Normal stress and normal strain, shear stress and shear strain, elastic deformation, plastic deformation, Young's modulus, shear modulus, Poisson's ratio, elastic strain energy, thermal expansion, estimate of the yield stress, dislocations and motion of dislocations, slip systems, dislocations and strengthening mechanisms, fracture mechanics, ductile fracture, brittle fracture, Griffith criterion, ductile fracture, toughness of engineering materials, the ductile-brittle transition temperature, cyclic stresses and fatigue, creep.

Polymers: Polymer basics, polymer identification, polymer molecules, additional polymerization, step growth polymerization, measurement of molecular weight, thermosetting polymers and gels, rubbers and rubber elasticity, configuration and conformation of polymers, the glassy state and glass transition, determination of Tg, effect of temperature and time, mechanical properties of polymers, case studies in polymer selection and processing.

Biomaterials: Introduction to biomaterials, materials selection, biopolymers, structural polysaccharides, hard materials, biomedical materials.

Course Code	PH-677			
Course Title	Environmental Physics			
Credit Hours	03			
Remarks	Elective			
Recommended Books	1. E.t Booker and R. Van Grondelle, "Environmental			
	Physics", John Wiley, 3rd ed. 2011.			
	2. G. Guyot, "Physics of Environment and Climate", John			
	Wiley, 1998.			

Introduction to the Essentials of Environmental Physics: The economic system, living in green house, enjoying the sun, Transport of matter, Energy and momentum, the social and political context.

Basic Environmental Spectroscopy: Black body radiation, The emission spectrum of sun, The transition electric dipole moment, The Einstein Coefficients, Lambert – Beer's law, The spectroscopy of bi-molecules, Solar UV and life, The ozone filter.

The Global Climate: The energy Balance, (Zero-dimensional Greenhouse Model), elements of weather and climate, climate variations and modeling.

Transport of Pollutants: Diffusion, flow in reverse, ground water. Flow equations of fluid Dynamics, Turbulence, Turbulence Diffusion, Gaussian plumes in air, Turbulent jets and planes.

Noise: Basic Acoustics, Human Perceptions and noise criteria, reducing the transmission of sound, active control of sound.

Radiation: General laws of Radiation, Natural radiation, interaction of electromagnetic radiation and plants, utilization of photo synthetically active radiation.

Atmosphere and Climate: Structure of the atmosphere, vertical profiles in the lower layers of the atmosphere, Lateral movement in the atmosphere, Atmospheric Circulation, cloud and Precipitation, The atmospheric greenhouse effect.

Topo Climates and Micro Climates: Effects of surface elements in flat and widely unduling areas, Dynamic action of seliq. Thermal action of selief.

Climatology and Measurements of Climate Factor: Data collection and organization, statistical analysis of climatic data, climatic indices, General characteristics of measuring equipment. Measurement of temperature, air humidity, surface wind velocity, Radiation balance, precipitation, Atmospheric Pressure, automatic weather stations.

Course Code	PH-678			
Course Title	Renewable energy Recourses			
Credit Hours	03			
Remarks	Elective			
Recommended Books	1. J. W. Twidell and A. D. Weir; Renewable Energy			
	Resources; E & F.N. Spon. Ltd. London. (1986).			
	3. M. Iqbal; An Introduction to Solar Radiation:			
	Academic Press, Canada. (1983).			
	4. S. Roberts, A Practical Guide to Solar Electricity,			
	Prentice Hall Inc. USA, (1991).			
	5. M. A. Green; Solar Cells, Operating Principles,			

- Technology, and system Application: Prentice Hall, In USA, (1982).
- 6. T. J. Jansen, Solar Engineering Technology; Prentice Hall Inc. USA, (1985).
- 7. V. D. Hunt, Wind Power, A Book on Wind Energy Conversion System; Litton Educational Publishing Inc. (1981).
- 8. E. C. Price, P. N. Cheremisinoff; Biogas, Production and Utilization; Ann Arbor Science, USA, (1981).
- 9. I. Campbell, Biomass, Catalysts and liquid fuels; Technonic Publishing Co. Inc. USA, (1983).

Energy Scenarios: Importance of energy, world primary energy sources, energy deman supplies, reserves, growth in demand, life estimates, and consumption pattern conventional energy sources: oil, gas, coal, hydro, nuclear etc.

Energy & Environment: Emission of pollutants from fossil fuels and their damaging effects, and economics impact; Renewable energy and its sustainability. Renewable Scenarios: Defining renewable, promising renewable energy sources, their potential availability, present status, existing technologies and availability.

Solar Energy: Sun-Earth relationship, geometry, sun path and solar irradiance, sol spectrum, solar constant, atmospheric effects, global distribution, daily and season variations, effects of till angle, resource estimation, extraterrestrial, global, direct, diffuse radiation, sun shine hours, air mass, hourly, monthly and annual mean, radiation on t surface, measuring instruments.

Solar Thermal: Flat plate collectors, their designs, heat transfer, transmission through glas absorption transmission of sun energy, selective surfaces, performance, and efficiency; lo temperature applications: water heating, cooking, drying, desalination, their designs ar performance; concentrators, their designs, power generation, performance and problems.

Photovoltaics: PV effect, materials, solar cell working, efficiencies, different types of sol cells, characteristics, (dark, under illumination), efficiency limiting factors, power, spectr response, fill-factor, temperature effect; PV systems, components, packing fraction

modules, arrays, controllers, inverters, storage, PV system sizing, designing, performand and applications.

Wind: Global distribution, resource assessment, wind speed, height and topographic effect power extraction for wind energy conversion, wind mills, their types, capacity, propertie wind mills for water lifting and power generation, environmental effect.

Hydropower: Global resources, and their assessment, classification, micro, mini, small ar large resources, principles of energy conversion; turbines, types, their working ar efficiency for micro to small power systems; environmental impact.

Biogas: Biomass sources; residue, farms, forest. Solid wastes: agricultural, industrial armunicipal wastes etc; applications, traditional and non-traditional uses: utilization proces gasification, digester, types, energy forming, Environment issues. Resources availabilit digester, their types, sizes, and working, gas production, efficiency; environmental effects; **Geothermal**: Temperature variation in the earth, sites, potentials, availability, extractions and the environmental effects.

techniques, applications; water and space heating, power generations, problem environmental effects.

Waves and Tides: Wave motion, energy, potentials, sites, power extraction, are transmission, generation of tides, their power, global sites, power generation, resource assessment, problems, current status and future prospects.

Hydrogen Fuel: Importance of H_2 as energy carrier, Properties of H_2 , production hydrolysis, fuel cells, types, applications, current status and future prospects.

Nuclear: Global generations of reserves through reprocessing and breeder reactors, grow rate, prospects of nuclear fusion, safety and hazards issue.

Energy Storage: Importance of energy storage, storage systems, mechanical, chemical biological, electrical, fuel cells etc.

Course Code	PH-679
Course Title	Computer Simulations in Physics
Credit Hours	3
Remarks	Elective
Recommended Books	1. T. Pang, "An Introduction to Computational Physics",

	Ca	mbridge U	Jnive	rsity Pr	ess,	2008.			
2.	R.	Landau,	M.	Paez,	C.	Bordeianu,	"A	Survey	of
	Co	mputation	al Ph	ysics",	Prir	nceton Unive	rsity	Press, 20	80

Programming for Scientific Computation: unix/linux basics, the editingcoding-compiling-debugging-optimizing-visualizing-documenting production chain, Fortran95.

Numerical Programming: Functions: approximation and fitting, Numerical calculus. Ordinary differential equations, Matrices, Spectral analysis, Partial differential equations.

Modeling and Simulation: Molecular dynamics simulations, modeling continuous media Monte Carlo simulations.

Project: A project will be chosen by the student in consultation with the instructor. Selection of the project should be done soon after the module on modelling and simulation starts and continue over the course of the rest of the semester. The final part of the course is reserved for presentation of preliminary and final results.

Course Code	PH-683					
Course Title	Computational Physics					
Credit Hours	3					
Remarks	Elective					
Recommended Books	1. M. L. De Jong, "Introduction to Computational Physics",					
	Addison Wesley, 1991.					
	2. S. T. Koonini, "Computational Physics", the Benjamin-					
	Cummings, 1985					
	3. H. Gould, J. Tobochnik and W. Christian, "An					
	Introduction to Computer Simulation Methods", Addison					
	Wesley, 3rd ed. 2006.					
	4. S. C. Chapra and R. P. Chanle, "Numerical Methods for					
	Engineers with Personal Computer Applications",					
	McGraw-Hill,1990.					
	5. S. C. Chapra, "Applied Numerical Methods with					

MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists", McGraw-Hill, 2nd ed. 2006.

Course Description

Computer Languages: A brief introduction of the computer languages like Basic, C. Pascal etc. and known software packages of computation

Numerical Methods: Numerical Solutions of equations, Regression and interpolation, Numerical integration and differentiation. Error analysis and technique for elimination of systematic and random errors

Modeling & Simulations: Conceptual models, the mathematical models, Random numbers and random walk, doing Physics with random numbers, Computer simulation, Relationship of modeling and simulation. Some systems of interest for physicists such as Motion of Falling objects, Kepler's problems, Oscillatory motion, Many particle systems, Dynamic systems, Wave phenomena, Field of static charges and current, Diffusion, Populations genetics etc.

Course Code	PH-684			
Course Title	Methods of Experimental Physics			
Credit Hours	3			
Remarks	Elective			
Recommended Books	1. F. James, "Statistical Methods in Experimental Physics			
	World Scientifi Company, 2nd ed. 2006.			
	2. M. H. Hablanian, "High-Vacuum Technology", Marc			
	Dekker, 2nd ed.1997			
	3. P. Bevington and D. K. Robinson, "Data Reduction and Err			
	Analysis for Physical Science", McGraw-Hill, 3rd ed. 2002			
	4. S. Tavernier, "Experimental Techniques in Nuclear ar			
	Particle Physics", Springer, 2010.			
	5. J. B. Topping, "Errors of Observations and Their Treatment			
	Springer, 4 th ed. 1972.			
Course Description				

Vacuum Techniques: Gas Transport: Throughout, Pumping Speed, Pump down Time Ultimate pressure. Fore-Vacuum Pumps: Rotary Oil pumps, sorption pumps. Diffusion pumps, sorption pumps (High Vacuum). Production of ultrahigh vacuum, Fundamental concepts, guttering pumps, Ion pumps, Cryogenic pumps, Turbo molecular pumps. Measurement of total pressure in Vacuums Systems, Units pressure ranges, Manometers, Perini gauges, The McLoad gauges, Mass spectrometer for partial measurement of pressure. Design of high Vacuum system, Surface to Volume ratio, Pump Choice, pumping system design. Vacuum Components, Vacuum valves, vacuum Flanges, Liquid Nitrogen trap, Mechanical feed throughs & Electrical feed throughs Leak detection: Basic consideration, leak detection equipment, Special Techniques and problems, Repair Techniques.

Radiation Detection and Measurement: GM tubes, scintillation detector, channeltron, photo multipliers, neutron detectors, alpha/beta detectors, x-rays/gamma detectors, cosmic rays detectors, Spectrographs and Interferometers.

Sensor Technology: Sensors for temperature, pressure displacement, rotation, flow, level, speed, rotation position, phase, current voltage, power magnetic field, tilt, metal, explosive and heat.

Electronics and Electronic Instruments: Operational amplifiers, summing amplifiers, difference amplifiers, Differentiators, Integrators, Logarithmic amplifiers, current to voltage converter, Spectroscopy amplifiers, charge sensitive pre-amplifiers, Coincidence circuits, Isolators, Ramp Generators, and single channel analyzer. Power supplies, Signal Generators, Counters, Multichannel analyzer, Lock in Amplifiers, Boxcar averages.

Computer Introduction: Introduction to computers, GPIB Interface, RS 232. Interfacing, DA/AD conversion, Visual c/visual Basic.

Data Analysis: Evaluation of measurement: Systematic Errors, Accuracy, Accidental Errors, Precision, Statistical Methods, Mean Value and Variance, Statistical Control of Measurements, Errors of Direct measurements, Rejection of data, Significance of results, Propagation of errors, preliminary Estimation, Errors of Computation. Least squares fit to a polynomial. Nonlinear functions. Data manipulation, smoothing, interpolation and extrapolation, linear and parabolic interpolation.

Course Code	PH-685			
Course Title	Introduction to Laser Physics			
Credit Hours	3			
Remarks	Elective			
Recommended Books	1. W.T selfvast, "Laser Fundamentals", Cambridge			
	University Press, 2nd ed.(2008).			
	2. O. Sevelto, "Principles of Lasers", Springers, 5th ed.(2009)			

3	. J. Hecht Understanding lasers: an entry-level guide,
	New York: IEEE Press(1994).
4	. K. Thyagarajan, A.K Ghatak. "Laser Theory and
	Applications" New Jersey Prentice Hall. (1995).

Introductory concepts, energy levels of molecules and semiconductors, Radiation & thermal equilibrium, population inversion & gain, laser systems, laser applications.

Course Code	PH-686
Course Title	Electronic Materials & Devices
Credit Hours	3
Remarks	Elective
Recommended Books	 R. F. Pierret, "Semiconductor Device Fundamentals", Addison Wesley, 2nd ed. 1996. N. Braithwaite, and G. Weaver, "Electronic Materials", MA: Butterworth, 2nd ed. 1990. S. O. Kasap, "Electronic Materials and Devices", McGraw-Hill, 3rd ed. 2005. R. C. O'Handley, "Modern Magnetic Materials: Principles and Applications", Wiley Inter-Science, 1999. D. Jiles, "Introduction to Magnetism and Magnetic Materials", Chapman & Hall, 2nd ed. 1998.

Course Description

Semiconductor Fundamentals: Composition, purity and structure of semiconductors, energy band model, band gap and materials classification, charge, effective mass and carrier numbers, density of states, the Fermi function and equilibrium distribution of carriers, doping, *n* and *p*-type semiconductors and calculations involving carrier concentrations, *EF* etc., temperature dependence of carrier concentrations, drift current, mobility, resistivity and band bending, diffusion and total currents, diffusion coefficients, recombination-generation, minority carrier life times and continuity equations with problem solving examples.

Device Fabrication Processes: Oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, lithography, thin-

film deposition techniques like evaporation, sputtering, chemical vapour deposition (CVD), epitaxy etc.

PN Junction and Bipolar Junction Transistor: Junction terminology, Poisson's equation, qualitative solution, the depletion approximation, quantitative electrostatic relationships, ideal diode equation, non-idealities, BJT fundamentals, Junction field effect transistor, MOS fundamentals, the essentials of MOSFETs.

Dielectric Materials: Polarization mechanisms, dielectric constant and dielectric loss, capacitor dielectric materials, piezoelectricity, ferroelectricity and pyroelectricity.

Optoelectronic Devices: Photoconductors, photovoltaics and photodetectors, photodiodes and photovoltaics, solar cell basics, LEDs, Lasers, displays, LCDs.

Magnetism and Magnetic Materials: Basics of magnetism, hysteresis loops, magnetic domains and anisotropy, hard and soft magnetic materials, transformers, DC motors and data storage.

Course Code	PH-687
Course Title	Functional Materials
Credit Hours	3
Remarks	Elective
Recommended Books	 Moulson, A. J. and Herbert, J. M. "Electro-ceramics: Materials, Properties, and Applications". John and Wiley and Sons, 2003. Pillai, S. O, Pillai, Sivakami, "Rudiments of Materials Science". New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi, 2005. Gersten J. I. and Smith F. W. "The Physics and Chemistry of Materials" John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, 2001. Hidayat Ullah Khan, thesis on "Phase Transition s in Lidoped Ag(NbxTa1-x)O3 perovskite ceramics". Department of Materials Science and Engineering, The University of Sheffield, UK. Available at the Department of Physics, University of Peshawar. Gersten J. I. and Smith F. W. "The Physics and Chemistry of Materials" John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, 2001.
Course Description	

Introduction to the functions of materials, Dielectrics, Pyroelectrics, Piezoelectrics, Ferroelectrics, Electro-Optic Materials.

Course Code	PH-688
Course Title	Introduction to Nanoscience & Nanotechnology
Credit Hours	3
Remarks	Elective
Recommended Books	1. S. Lindsay, "Introduction to Nanoscience", Oxford
	University Press, 2009.
	2. C. Binns, "Introduction to Nanoscience and
	Nanotechnology (Wiley Survival Guides in Engineering
	and Science)", Wiley, 2010.

Course Description

Introduction: Feynman talks on small structures, Nano scale dimension, Course goals and objectives.

Quantum Effects: Wave particle duality, Energy quanta, Uncertainty principle, De Broglie relation, Quantum Dots, Moore's law, tunneling.

Surfaces and Interfaces: Interfaces, Surface chemistry and physics, Surface modification and characterization, Thin Films, Sputtering, Self-assembled films.

Material Properties: Subatomic physics to chemical systems, types of chemical bonds, solid state physics / Material properties.

Tools and Instrumentation: STM, AFM, Electron Microscopy, Fluorescence methods, Synchrotron Radiation.

Fabricating Nano Structures: Lithography (photo and electron beam), MBE, Self-assembled masked, FIB, Stamp technology, Nano junctions.

Electrons in Nano Structures: Variation in electronic properties, free electron model, Bloch's theorem, Band structure, Single electron transistor, Resonant tunneling.

Molecular Electronics: Lewis structures, Approach to calculate Molecular orbitals, Donor Acceptor properties, Electron transfer between molecules, Charge transport in weakly interacting molecular solids, Single molecule electronics.

Nano Materials: Quantum dots, nano wires, nano photonics, magnetic nano structures, nano thermal devices, Nano fluidic devices, biomimetic materials.

Nano Biotechnology: DNA micro-arrays, Protein and DNA Assembly, Digital cells, genetic circuits, DNA computing.

Nanotechnology the Road Ahead: Nanostructure innovation, Quantum Informatics, Energy solutions.